

IF YOU VISIT  
THE CINEMAS  
frequently  
and your eyes get tired,  
you should be fitted with  
accurate glasses.  
FOR YOUR EYES' SAKE!  
N. LAZARUS  
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN,  
23, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

January 25, 1921. Temperature 68

Barometer 30.09

Rainfall 0.00 inch.

Humidity 95

January 25, 1920. Temperature 52.

OVERLAND CHINA MAIL  
(PUBLISHED EVERY  
WEEK DAY.)  
Contains one week's news  
of Hongkong and the  
Far East.  
Price (including Postage) to  
part of the world \$1.50  
per annum.

No. 18,166.

二拜禮

號五廿月正年一十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1921.

日七十月二十年庚九百九千一西

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

## BUSINESS NOTICES

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

JEFFREY'S

CELEBRATED

PILSENER BEER.

BREWED IN SCOTLAND.

Prices:—per case of 7 doz. \$24.00  
per dozen. ... 3.50

'Phone 616.

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

(THE EUROPEAN GARAGE).

Open and Closed

CARS FOR HIRE

TEL. 482. in Hongkong and Kowloon. TEL. 482.  
3552. 3552.

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after November 1st, 1920, until further notice we are  
prepared to accept orders for HOUSEHOLD COAL  
re-screened in Hongkong at the following prices:—  
Delivered to Peak District (above Bowen Road)...\$22.00 per ton.  
" Bowen Road and Lower Levels  
and Kowloon...\$21.00 per ton.

TERMS:—CASH WITH ORDER.  
(CHEQUES PAYABLE TO "KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION")

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION  
HEAD OFFICE:—TIENTSIN.

AGENTS:—DODWELL & CO., LTD.  
HONGKONG.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

"WOLSEY"



PURE WOOL UNDERWEAR

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN

In all weights—Absolutely Unshrinkable.

WHISKIES.

MacGregor's V.O.S. Johnnie Walker Red Label  
Extra Special Finest Liqueur. Johnnie Walker Black Label.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.  
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. TEL. 75.

When you want to buy  
DIAMONDS, WATCHES & JEWELLERY  
SILVERWARE CUTGLASS, ETC.  
POPULAR PRICES.

Buy reputable goods from a reputable firm

J. ULLMANN & CO.

French Firm, Est. 1850.

## TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

PARIS CONFERENCE.

EXPERT ADVICE ON DISARMAMENT OF GERMANY.

MEAGRE OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE.

PARIS, January 24.

A communique states that at the first meeting of the conference M. Briand, who welcomed the delegates, briefly outlined the agenda, and then proceeded to the question of disarmament where upon the following technical experts were introduced:—For France, the Minister of War, M. Barthou, and Marshal Foch, assisted by Generals Weygand and Nollet; for Britain, Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson and General Bingham; for Belgium, General Marietti, Marshal Foch summarised in conclusion the report of the committee which met at Versailles on December 30 and explained the present situation in Germany as regards troops and armaments. Generals Bingham, Nollet, and Marietti also spoke.

LATER.

A communique states that the afternoon meeting lasted three hours. The conference decided that military, naval, and air experts should meet to-morrow under the chairmanship of Marshal Foch to draw up the measures which remain to be taken by Germany to secure complete execution of the Peace Treaty as regards disarmament. These will be reported to the conference.

To-morrow's sitting will be devoted to an investigation of the conditions in Austria and thereafter to the affairs of Greece and the East.

LESS ACCOMPLISHED THAN HOPED.

PARIS, January 25.

The participants in the conference are reticent but from the fact that the agenda is so arranged as to dispose of the least controversial questions first in the opening days, the meeting has apparently accomplished less than was hoped. It seems that the British favoured consultation with the Germans before confronting the latter with the final disarmament decision, but M. Briand opposed the other delegates and suggested a compromise, urging the immediate determination of policy but permitting the Germans to state their views regarding methods of carrying out the terms. It is generally considered that the last named is most likely to be the course subsequently adopted.

To-morrow's agenda includes the economic reconstruction of Austria in connection with which the French have prepared a scheme upon which the highest hopes of a favourable agreement are based.

FRENCH SATISFACTION.

PARIS, January 24.

French sources indicate that French representatives are quite content with the progress made in the disarmament question. The opinion prevails that an Allied note will grant an extension of two or three months of the time within which Germany must conform to her disarmament undertakings.

LONDON, January 24.

Sir Auckland Geddes is going to Paris to-morrow.

PARIS, January 24.

Mr. Winston Churchill has departed for London.

8-HOUR DAY AT SEA.

INTERNATIONAL SHIPPING FEDERATION CONFERENCE.

A SIGNIFICANT MEETING.

BRUSSELS, January 24.

At the International Shipping Federation meeting here the British delegates are Messrs. Havelock Wilson and Cuthbert Laws, representing respectively the seamen and the shipowners. The meeting to-day discussed the eight hour day. The meeting is significant because it is the first time in the history of labour that two international organisations of employers and employed have met to discuss terms of agreement relating to conditions of labour. It is possible that the conference will not arrive at any binding conclusions as a number of organisations of shipowners and seafarers are not represented, necessitating the calling of a further conference. The main object of the two parties at present is to solve the difficulties which prevented the International Labour Conference, at Genoa last year from arriving at a draft covenant for submission to the parliaments.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK.

EUROPE'S ENORMOUS DEBT TO UNITED STATES.

AMERICAN EXPERT'S VIEWS.

WASHINGTON, January 25.

Dr. George Warren, professor of economics at Cornell, giving evidence before the House of Representatives ways and means committee, predicted Europe's debt to the United States in 1925 would amount to 20 billion dollars. He said that European business men now owe American firms nearly four billions of dollars. Europe must continue to send her products irrespective of the United States import duties. He expressed the opinion that the rate of exchange would not improve yet and would tend to increase the European debt.

U. S. DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

EMBASSY IN CHINA INSTEAD OF A LEGATION.

WASHINGTON, January 24.

The sub-committee of the House of Representatives, in presenting the budget for the diplomatic and consular service for the ensuing fiscal year, recommended a reduction of 25 per cent. in the estimates on the ground that the emergency committee provides for an embassy in China instead of legation; also separate legations at Vienna and Budapest in view of the separation of the Austro-Hungarian Empire.

GERMAN SECURITIES IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, January 24.

The Supreme Court has upheld the authority of the custodian of alien property to seize securities deposited in the United States by German insurance companies to protect their American policy holders.

## THE DOLLAR.

To-day's closing rate 2/10 11/16  
To-day's opening rate 2/10 11/16

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

INCOME-TAX DECISION.

LONDON, January 24th.

The Board of Inland Revenue has ruled that payments as compensation for loss of exchange so far made to officers and others stationed in countries where the rate of exchange is unfavourable to Great Britain are liable to income-tax, and should be included in the assessments. The recipients' total assessable income will be reached by conversion into sterling at the current official rate of exchange of the gross total number of units (dollars or the China station) and paper on the East India station) actually issuable in respect of emoluments normally assessable to income-tax.

The decision comes into force from April 1st, 1920, and applies to all such payments already made or which fall to be made to both naval and civil personnel in respect of the period beginning then.

FORD MOTOR CO.

LONDON, January 24th.

In connection with the New York correspondent's report that Ford Motors are negotiating for a loan of fifty million dollars, the Times New York correspondent says that financial circles estimate that the Ford Company need about \$25,000,000 to pay off loans (\$7,000,000 from banks and \$18,000,000 to pay taxes) and to supply additional capital, mainly because the Ford Co. have existing hands over \$7,000,000 worth of unsold motor-cars for which there is at present no market. The reduction of the price of Ford cars stimulated sales for a short time, but the works were closed at the end of the year.

SIR AUCLAND GEDDES.

LONDON, January 24th.

Sir Auckland Geddes has arrived in London.

SUBMARINE DISASTER.

LONDON, January 24th.

His Majesty the King has telegraphed to Mr. Walter Long: "I am deeply grieved to hear of the sinking of Submarine K5 resulting in the loss of the gallant crew. Please have my heartfelt sympathy conveyed to the relatives of the officers and men who perished."

REPARATIONS CONFERENCE.

PARIS, January 24th.

The Allied Conference opened in the historic Clock Hall at the Quai d'Orsay. It is the most important conference held since the Armistice. Marshal Foch and Field-Marshal Sir Henry Wilson conferred prior to the opening which indicates that the question of disarmament will be probably be first discussed.

PARIS, January 22nd.

A Havas message says:—The papers are laying stress on the hearty union which greeted the Premier after the eloquent speech in the Chamber (defining the French policy). The papers ascribe it to the frankness with which M. Briand touched upon the difficulties of the present time, and express satisfaction at the fact that the Premier is assured of the support of Parliament. M. Briand, they argue, will thus have full liberty and authority to speak in France's name at the next Allies' conference.

LONDON, January 24th.

The French expectations of the outcome of any Allied conference were never higher than they are to-day.

The Echo de Paris says that Germany will be given until May 1st to fulfil her disarmament obligations, after which penalties will be exacted in the event of non-compliance with the terms.

The Martin asserts that Earl Curzon, yesterday, remarked to a French personage "You will be satisfied with this conference." The Petit Parisien says that Mr. Lloyd George insists on the necessity of fixing the sum of Germany's indebtedness, immediately and once for all.

The Journal declares that this augurs most happily for the success of the negotiations as it coincides with the view of the French Government.

RED FLOT IN GERMANY.

LONDON, January 24th.

In connection with the Berlin semi-official statement regarding the discovery of a Red army organisation, it is pointed out here that reports of the discovery of a Red army in Germany constantly recur whenever there is a question of the disarmament of Germany.

MADAME LOTTIE GORDON'S  
CONCERT.

Madame Lottie Gordon wishes to announce that the full financial result of Saturday's charity concert will be made known in our issue of Saturday. All ticket sellers are requested kindly to leave returns at Messrs. Moutrie's by Thursday morning.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS.

THESE Tablets are intended especially for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. If you are troubled with heartburn, indigestion or constipation they will do you good. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## BUSINESS NOTICES

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY  
24th — 29th.

DENTS GLOVES

20% DISCOUNT

ALSO BIG REDUCTIONS

— ON —  
DRESSING GOWNS, CARDIGANS,  
MUFFLERS, SLIPPERS, RUGS.

J. T. SHAW

Tel. 692

SPECIALIST IN MEN'S WEAR  
NEXT DOOR HONGKONG HOTEL.

WE ARE NOW CARRYING  
STOCKS OF HIGH CLASS  
DUTCH HAVANA CIGARS

THE PHARMACY

22, Queen's Road.

Tel. 345

Tel. 345

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC Co. (of China), Ltd.

QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.

Telegrams, "Sparkless." Telephone 518

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI.

(BRANCHES AT HANKOW, DAIREN AND  
TIENTSIN.)

Representatives throughout China for and affiliated with

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., LTD., LONDON.

Wilton Engineering Works, Birmingham.

(Electrical Plant, Motors, dynamos, Switch Gear, etc.)

Cable, C.C. Lamp Works, London.

City's Fire and Carbon (Edison) Lamps, Radiator Lamps.

Fraser & Chalmers Engineering Works, Ltd., Perth.

(Steam Turbine Sets, Conveying and Mining Plants.)

Pratt's General Cable Works, Southampton.

(Cables, Wires, Flexible, Insulating Materials, Tapes.)

Chamberlain & Hockaday, Ltd., Birmingham.

(Motors for Home Service, Power and Traction Purposes.)

Salford Electrical Co., Ltd., Manchester.

(Electrical Instruments of All Descriptions.)

Peel-Commer Telephone Works, Ltd., Coventry.

(Complete Telephone installations, Switch Board, Telephone ex.

Chambers Ltd. Co., Ltd., London.

(Electric Fans, Ventilators & Cargo Lifts)

Treasure Pans and Carbon Works, Birmingham.

(Electric Fans, Small-power Motors, Carbon Brushes.)

Art Metal, and Steel Castings Works, Birmingham.

(Lighting Fixtures, Steel Castings and Accessories.)

LARGE STOCKS CARRIED IN CHINA OF ALL ELECTRICAL MATERIALS

AND ELECTRICAL MACHINERY.

Special exclusive Suitings for Races 1921—  
including latest Glen Urquhart Plaids.

DISS BROS.,

Tailors.

Alexandra Buildings.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Tel. 636.

Tel. 636.

GEORGE-BING MOTOR BOATS CO.

Hongkong Station at Murray Pier Tel. 1904. Kowloon Station at Police Pier Tel. 171.

FAST & COMFORTABLE MOTOR BOATS.

FOR HIRE AT ALL HOURS.

\$2.00 per Hour or Part thereof or \$1.00 per Trip. Not exceeding 15 Minutes.

THE  
HANDLEY PAGE  
MULTIPLE ENGINED BIPLANES  
HANDLEY PAGE LTD.

Cricklewood, London, N. W. 3.

Sole Agents for China:

PEKING SYNDICATE LTD.,

Peking.

Sub-Agents for Hongkong and South China:

W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,

Hongkong.



## LAMMERT BROS.

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS  
AND SURVEYORS.

## Public Auctions

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, January 26, 1921, commencing at 11.30 a.m. at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street, (over account of the concerned),

A Quantity of Wines and Spirits, comprising:-

Brandy, Whisky, Gin, Sherry, Port, Claret, Burgundy, Peppermint, White Wine, Peach Cordial, Apricot Cordial, Crema de Cacao, Beer, Stout, Bitters, etc., etc.

(Without Reserve). On view from Tuesday, the 25th inst. Terms:-Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, January 19, 1921.

## FOR SALE.

ONE HORNSBY-ACKROYD OIL ENGINE-31 Horse Power, Fuel, Kerosene. Complete with cooling apparatus in good condition. May be viewed by appointment at Gun Club Hill Barracks, Kowloon. Apply to the undersigned.

LAMMERT BROS.

## FOR SALE

## MILNER'S SAFES

Apply to  
LAMMERT BROS.,  
Duddell Street.

## EUROPEAN AGENCY.

WHOLESALE Indents promptly sent at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including

Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Electrical, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Plate and Watches, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisional and Oilmen's Stores, etc., etc.

Commission 2 1/2% to 5%. Trade Discounts allowed. Special Quotations on Demand. Sample Cases from £10 upwards. Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS (ESTABLISHED 1814),  
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.4.  
Cable Address: "WILSONS" LONDON.

## TANG YUK, DESIGNER

the late SIEU KING,  
14, D'ARQUEL STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultation free.

To arrive shortly, large quantities of White Glazed Tiles, also Cast Iron Porcelain Lined Baths and the last word in bidets.

## C.E. WARREN &amp; CO., LTD.

No. 30 & 32 Des Vaux Road Central.

Established 1860

Telephone, 370.

## THE CLEANING OF SUMMER FROCKS

is an important matter and we make a speciality of "refinishing" light Frocks and Costumes so that they keep clean longer than when treated by ordinary methods.

Our processes are thorough and reliable. Our facilities and resources enable us to carry out all work quickly and our charges are really reasonable.

Write for Price List and See the Diamond Dyeing and Drycleaning Co.

Agent  
GASSIM AHMED,  
General Draper,  
22 & 24, Wellington Street,  
Canton Road, Kowloon.  
Phone 1462.

## INTIMATIONS

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO BE WITHOUT THEM.

JUST received a large Consignment of (1) LACTOGEN the most digestive food for Infants which keeps good in quality during Hot weather (2) LACTOSE (Milk Sugar) for sweetening the foods of Infants and Dyspeptics (3) MILFORD-MCGRATH FLUID INSECTICIDE the Best Fluid for destroying Fleas, Mosquitoes, Bugs, Flies and all other Insect Pests in Summer days, and (4) JOHN CAHILL'S GOLDEN FLEECE MAGIC and GANDERELLA SOAPs for keeping everything clean in Houses.

PRICES are Very Moderate. Inspection and Enquiries are cordially invited.

SHIU FUNG TAI & CO.,  
Sole Agents for Hongkong and South China,  
No. 42, 44th, Commaught Road Central, Hongkong.  
Telephone Nos. 1238.

理代泰豐華

## Just Received

Tasteless

## STAMP HINGES,

Peelable,

Pure

and

Peerless.

## GRACA &amp; CO.,

DEALERS IN POSTAGE STAMPS,  
GARDEN SEEDS, TOYS, &c.,  
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,  
P. O. Box 620. Hongkong.

## JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear.  
MADE TO ORDER.



CHERRY & CO.,  
PEDDER STREET,  
Opposite to Hongkong Hotel  
Telephone No. 497.  
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

## MESSAGE HALL

Graduate from Yenching University School.  
Mess. HAN YOKUCHI  
Phone No. 1264. 25, Stanley Street,  
1st Floor.

## THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION NO. 1  
THERAPION NO. 2  
THERAPION NO. 3

25, Stanley Street, 1st Floor.  
Sole Agents: HAN YOKUCHI & CO.,  
25, Stanley Street, 1st Floor.

## ASAHI BEER



Sole Agents:  
MITSUBISHI BOTTLE KILN.

## Westinghouse

ELECTRICAL APPARATUS FOR EVERY PURPOSE

This trade mark is the guarantee of dependable electrical equipment.

## Westinghouse Engineering

Whatever your individual power problem—whether of generation or application, Westinghouse engineers can help you arrive at the most economical and efficient type of apparatus, and Westinghouse manufacturing facilities cover everything needed for complete equipment of any power plant, large or small.

Westinghouse engineering and designing are prominent in the domain of current-using apparatus of every type, from giant electric locomotives to fans and appliances for the home.

Westinghouse production—the carrying out of Westinghouse engineering and designing—is so careful and thorough that Westinghouse products are known the world over for their quality and service.

Let us know your requirements.

## Westinghouse Electric International Co.

New York City, U. S. A.



This space will show weekly a new aspect of one of the great industrial institutions of the world.

## THE EXECUTIVE AND REPRISALS.

## MR. ASQUITH CALLS FOR IRISH ARMISTICE.

Mr. Asquith was the principal speaker at a London meeting, held in the Albert Hall, under the auspices of the Peace with Ireland Council. He was received with cheers, but had to meet many interruptions from Irish sympathisers who asked: "What about 1916?" He proposed the following resolution:-

This meeting records its profound detestation of the murders of police and soldiers in Ireland, and deplores the failure of the Government to secure the conviction of the murderers and to provide adequately for the safety of its servants. It condemns as immoral and ineffective the policy of reprisals which involves revenge upon the innocent for the sins of the guilty, and has resulted in the death of blameless men, women, and children and grave destruction of property belonging to the law-abiding population. It calls upon the Government to abandon all attempts to repress crime by crime, and demands immediate action to restore the supremacy of law and order and secure the pacification of Ireland and its reconciliation with this country.

Mr. Asquith, in the course of his speech, said: "When one asks the assent of a great gathering such as this to a resolution which affirms the simple proposition that the primary duty of a Government is the maintenance of law and order is to set the example of even-handed justice, one has to encounter a whole series of more or less plausible irrelevances. The first and perhaps the most popular of them is, as it was put in the House of Commons by the Chief Secretary with a brutal directness which met, I need hardly say, with a resonant response, the challenge: 'Are you on the side of order or are you on the side of the assassin?' I am not on the side of the assassin. Crime is crime, cruelty is cruelty, barbarism is barbarism, from whatever quarter they proceed, and to whatever purpose they are for the time being directed.

I see that what is now being done is defended by reference to what occurred in Ireland during and after the suppression of the rising in 1916 (Interruption and a voice: "What about Sheehy-Skeffington?") The rising of 1916 was a case of open rebellion. Men were shot down on both sides in the streets, and, after it was over, those who were put to death—"Shame"—were, with a single exception to which I am going to refer, never put to death except after trial, evidence given and cross-examined, too, and due sentence for law pronounced. There was I agree, one lamentable exception, the case of Mr. Sheehy-Skeffington (A voice: "Three men")—and his two companions. These men were

## HONGKONG "SLAVERY."

## QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

## "STAIN ON OUR NAME IN FAR EAST."

Do you want me to speak to you or not? (Cries of "Yes.") Then listen. These three men were arrested, they were brought into the barracks, and, by the order of the officer in command, without trial, indeed without charge, they were shot. (Shouts of "Murder.") They were murdered. I agree. What was done by the Executive of the day? The officer who ordered the shooting was brought up for trial by court-martial on a charge of murder. He was found guilty; and he was not shot because he was insane. (Derisive cheers.) But we were not content with that. We appointed a Commission of Inquiry, consisting of three of the most eminent lawyers—Sir John Simon—(cheers)—an Irish Judge, Lord Justice Maloney, and the present Attorney General for Ireland, Mr. Denis Henry. (A voice: "It was your Government.") That Commission of Inquiry met in Dublin. It sat in open court for six days. It heard the evidence of, I think, something like forty witnesses. It pronounced the acts to be illegal and gave a most valuable and exhaustive report. I should like to read one sentence of that report: "The shooting of unarmed and unresisting civilians without trial constitutes the offence of murder." (Cheers.)

MINISTERS' RESPONSIBILITY. No, the policy of reprisals and still more its condonation by the Executive of the day is a new departure, and in view of the public declarations of Ministers and the open incitements of that curious periodical called the "Weekly Summary" (hisses)—which is circulated among the police from Dublin Castle, and, I regret to say, is subsidised by the British taxpayer, the officers and men of the constabulary and of the military forces have every right and every reason to think that the method of indiscriminate retaliation is regarded in the highest quarters as, to say the least, a thing to be regarded without undue disfavour.

We began in Parliament by asking for an independent and impartial inquiry. That was bluntly refused, and we were contemptuously rebuffed for our disposition to swallow idle tales which came from tainted sources. What happened? The evidence multiplied from day to day. It came from first-hand witnesses, of the highest and most unquestioned impartiality and competence. The Chief Secretary told us, after 40 creameries had been destroyed, there was not a tittle of evidence to connect the military or police with any act of destruction. We now know—and we know it from his own admission—that a fortnight before he made that statement in the House of Commons there was in Dublin Castle, in his own office, a police report which proved conclusively its untruth.

There is no disguising the fact that Ireland is in a state of civil war. What I want to appeal to you to say with me is let us have an armistice. Armistice is the first step upon the road to peace. (Cheers.) The resolution was carried.

The following questions on the subject of Child Slavery in Hongkong were put to the Secretary of State for the Colonies on December 8 and 9:

Mr. A. Short asked whether, under the system of adoption in Hongkong, girls, who in return for a money payment are transferred by their parents to another household for purposes of domestic service, receive wages for such service, and, if not, what safeguards exist against their being regarded and treated as slaves by their employers?

The Under Secretary of State for the Colonies (Lieut.-Colonel Amery): No, sir, wages are not paid, the children being regarded as adopted daughters of the house. Their status is well understood, and in cases of ill-treatment they are removed.

Mr. Walter Smith asked the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies whether any report regarding the question of slavery has been received from the Governor of Hongkong; and, if so, if it is the intention to publish the report?

Lieut.-Col. Amery:—Yes, sir, a report has been received. It is not in a form in which it could conveniently be published, I shall be glad to let the hon. member see it if he desires.

Lieut.-Colonel J. Ward: Does the hon. member propose to do anything, as a result of the report, to wipe this stain from our name in the Far East?

Lieut.-Col. Amery: Yes, sir. I think the hon. and gallant gentleman was not present in the House when, on a previous occasion, I stated that the Secretary of State suggested the formation of a strong local Chinese Committee to look after these adopted children, and to see that they are not ill-treated.

## TEETHING WITHOUT TEARS.

## A NEW LIGHT ON BABY-REARING.

It is a recognized fact that Babies—and in fact all Children—need medicines of their own, and that most baby medicines do more harm in the long run than good. Also great mistakes are often made in measuring doses for tiny patients. Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian medicine for Children of all ages, meet every difficulty. They are guaranteed to be absolutely harmless and free from opiates. They are so soft that they fall into powder at very slight pressure, forming an ideal dose for infants.

Baby's Own Tablets are pleasant to the taste, slightly laxative, comforting and digestive—a perfect forerunner, constipation, diarrhoea, and worms. At the time of teething they act like magic, giving painless sleep and easy soothing. Obtainable from chemists, also at 60 cents the vial, post free, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 90 Broadway, Road, Shanghai.

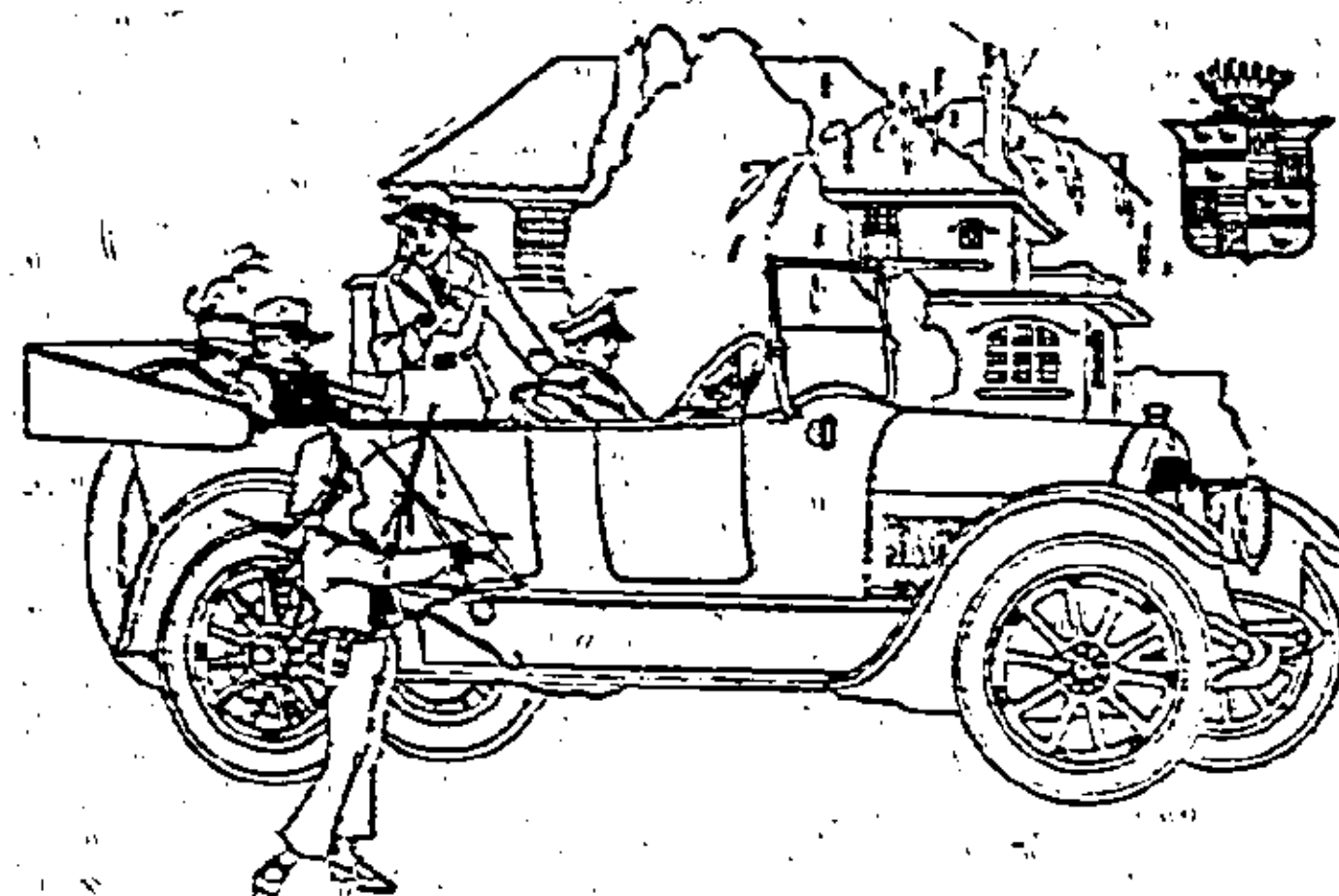
## NOTICES.

## G. FALCONER &amp; CO., LTD.

## WATCHMAKERS &amp; JEWELLERS.

## Hotel Mansions.

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,  
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,  
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,  
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,  
High Class English Jewellery.

CARS FOR HIRE 'PHONE 1036.  
EXILE GARAGE.

Agents for Cadillac, Buick and Oakland Cars,  
Reading Standard Motor Cycles, Firestone-tyres.

Cars repaired &amp; Garaged at reasonable rates.

## HONGKONG MOTOR CO.

141, PRATA EAST, WANCHAI

Operated by

## UNITED MOTOR CO., LTD.

33 &amp; 35, DES VOUX ROAD

LONG HING & CO., PHOTO SUPPLIES,  
DEVELOPING & PRINTING A SPECIALITY.

No. 174, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

## HOTELS AND CAFES.

## THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

## OPERATING:-

THE HONGKONG HOTEL,

HOTEL MANSIONS,

THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL,

AND THE

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE.

J. H. TAGGART,

MANAGER.

## THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.  
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.  
Under the Management of—  
Mrs. BLAIR.

## (Two minutes from Star Ferry). PALACE HOTEL KOWLOON

Recently renovated and refurnished, electric light and fans throughout and entirely under new management. Orders under the personal supervision of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to

Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add: "PALACE"

J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

## HOTEL "ASIA"

## WEST BUND, CANTON.

Rooms en Suite & with private Baths.  
Roof Garden, Hairdressing Saloon, etc.  
Excellent Cuisine. Moderate Rates.

Leading Hotel in South China.

Special attention given to Tourists.

Under the Foreign Supervision of,

THOS. G. HUTCHINGS.

## KING EDWARD HOTEL

CENTRAL LOCATION  
ALL ELECTRIC TRAMWAYS Fine Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, Hot and Cold Water, Baths and Sanitary Fixings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout. Best of Food and Service.  
Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Address: "KING EDWARD" HONGKONG.  
J. WITCHELL, Manager.

## FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUTON

15, HATFIELD ROAD



**Engles & Hough**  
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers  
Share, Coal and General  
Produce Brokers and  
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS  
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage

Cash used  
Bestley's  
A. & C. 4th & 5th Editions.  
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telephone Address  
"MUNICH" HONGKONG.

**-PUBLIC AUCTIONS-**

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For account of the concerned) on

**SATURDAY,**  
January 23, 1921, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, About sixty lots of valuable Jewellery.

Comprising—  
Single stone diamond rings, brooches, bracelets, scarf pins, etc., etc.

Terms:—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers,  
Hongkong, January 19, 1921.

(For Account of the Concerned), on

**SATURDAY,**  
January 23, 1921, at 11 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, A few Woollen Tweed Suit lengths superior quality in 3 1/2 yard lengths.

Terms:—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers,  
Hongkong, January 24, 1921.

**FOR SALE.**

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, Encyclopaedia Britannica in 11th Edition, with case.

Terms:—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers,  
Hongkong, January 3, 1921.

## INTIMATIONS.

### WAR MEMORIAL

#### SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

FOR the erection by Public Subscription, of a building to be run on Y.M.C.A. lines, to be called the WAR MEMORIAL INSTITUTE and to be managed for the joint use of the Navy, the Army and Civilian by a Joint Board of Directors.

A portion of the sum raised will be devoted to the erection of a permanent stone memorial which will be put in hand at an early date.

Lists may be found at—  
Messrs. Lane Crawford,  
Rally & Walsh,  
Moutrie,  
Wm. Powell, Ltd.,  
The Hongkong Club,  
Hongkong Cricket Club,  
Club Lusitano,  
Engineers' Institute,  
Victoria Recreation Club,  
Kowloon Cricket Club,  
Kowloon Bowling Club,  
Pork Club,  
Club de Reunion,  
Craigengower Club.

M. J. BREEN,  
Hon. Secretary,  
War Memorial Committee.

## WANTED.

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF  
YELLOW RIVER BRIDGE FOR  
PEKING-HANKOW RAILWAY.

THE PEKING-HANKOW LINE OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS invites sealed proposals of bridge contractors for designing and building a new steel bridge about 2,800 meters in length across the Yellow River (Hwang-Ho). Proposals will be received up to noon of June 30th, 1921, at the office of Peking-Hankow Railway, Peking, China, plans, rules and specifications can be obtained from the following offices:

Peking: Peking-Hankow Railway, American, British, Belgian, French, Italian, and Japanese Legations.

Foreign: Chinese Legations, Washington, London, Brussels, Paris, Rome and Tokyo.

All applications for same must be accompanied with pounds 5 for foreign countries and with dollars 50 for Peking.

PEKING-HANKOW RAILWAY ADMINISTRATION.

## NOTICES.

THE WEST POINT BUILDING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., on FRIDAY, 28th January, 1921, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 19th January to FRIDAY, 28th January, both days inclusive during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,  
Secretary  
to the General Agents.  
Hongkong, January 12, 1921.

THE HONGKONG CENTRAL ESTATE, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., on FRIDAY, 28th January, 1921, at 11.40 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, January 19th to FRIDAY, January 28th both days inclusive during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,  
Secretary  
to the General Managers.  
Hongkong, January 12, 1921.

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., on FRIDAY, January 28th, 1921, at 11.50 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, January 19th to FRIDAY, January 28th both days inclusive during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,  
Secretary,  
Hongkong, January 12, 1921.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., on FRIDAY, January 28th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 19th January to FRIDAY, 28th January both days inclusive during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,  
Secretary,  
Hongkong, January 12, 1921.

THE KOWLOON LAND & BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Offices Victoria Buildings on FRIDAY, 4th February, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1920.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 26th January, to FRIDAY, 4th February, both days inclusive during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,  
Secretary to  
The Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd.  
General Agents for  
The Kowloon Land & Building Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

**MUMEYA**

Japanese Photographers.  
We have removed our Premises to  
No. 26A, Queen's Road, C.

Sitting hours from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Passport photos finished in one hour.

## WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

35 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS, \$1. PREPAID.

Each additional word 4 Cents for 3 insertions.

### WANTED.

WANTED—To RENT or BUY GODOWN near Waterfront, from 1st February, next. Apply Box 1231, c/o "China Mail."

### TO LET.

TO LET—No. 69, Wyndham Street, A FIVE ROOMED HOUSE, with Bath-room and Servants' Quarters. Suitable for Office or private residence. Rent moderate. Apply to the Comptroller Department, HOLLAND CHINA TRADING CO., or No. 67 Wyndham Street.

### TO LET.

WITH immediate possession EX-CELLENT, FINISHED FIVE ROOMED HOUSE, with Bath-room, Servants' Quarters, and Kitchen. Apply to J. C. CLARK, Architect and Surveyor, 14, Queen's Road, Central.

TO LET—IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION—A FEW THREE ROOMED EUROPEAN FLATS IN "ORIENT BUILDINGS," CORONATION ROAD, KOWLOON. MODERATE RENTAL. Apply to J. C. CLARK, Architect and Surveyor, 14, Queen's Road, Central.

## INTIMATIONS.

THE ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above Club will be held at the CITY HALL, HONGKONG, on TUESDAY, the 1st of February, 1921, at 5.30 p.m., to consider the question of admitting Ladies as Members & for Subscribers to the Club.

Should there be a majority of three-fourths (or approximately so) in favour of Extraordinary General Meetings will be called to pass and confirm resolutions making the necessary alterations to the Articles of Association.

By Order,  
L. S. GREENHILL,  
Hon. Secretary.  
Hongkong, January 21, 1921.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ONE HUNDRED AND FIRST ORDINARY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, Hotel Mansions, on MONDAY, 7th February, 1921, at 11 a.m. for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 25th January, to 7th February, 1921, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
JOHN ARNOLD,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, January 19, 1921.

S.S. "LIEN SHING."

NOTICE.

THE HULL CO-INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, to whom as underwriters of the Hull of the above Steamship the wreck (now lying in about 20 fathoms near Cape Yachia) has been abandoned HEREBY GIVES NOTICE that such wreck will be offered For Sale by AUCTION at 12 o'clock (noon) on the 28th day of January, 1921, by Messrs. LAMBERT BROS. at their Sales Rooms in Hongkong. Such cargo as may remain in the wreck will be sold at the same time, the proceeds of Hull and Cargo being kept separate. Any persons or corporations having any claims in respect of the proceeds of the cargo are required to send notice thereof to Messrs. LAMBERT BROS. before the 4th day of February, 1921.

Hongkong, January 7, 1921.

THE NATIONAL LOAN OF THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA, (1914) \$16,000,000 AND SUPPLEMENTARY ISSUE OF \$8,000,000

AND  
THE NATIONAL LOAN OF THE FOURTH YEAR OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA, (1915) \$24,000,000.

On the 6th June, 1917, the undersigned notified Subscribers to the above two loans that in pursuance of arrangements made with the Chinese Government, the loan service as regards interest payments would in future be adequately secured.

In regard to the redemption of the loans it was impossible at the time to make any announcement. The Moratorium of 1916 affected the Loan Service, and although drawings have been proceeded with as funds permitted, Redemption has been irregular and behind the scheduled dates.

Arrangements have now been made which will enable annual drawings of each loan to be undertaken until their extinction, in 1924 in the case of the 4th Year Loan and 1925 in the case of the 3rd Year Loan.

The Ministry of Finance will notify in due course the date of the drawings to take place this year with date and place of repayment.

F. A. AGLEN,  
Inspector General of Customs,  
Inspector General of Customs,  
PEKING, 14th January, 1921.

## HONGKONG TRADE.

### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

FORMER U.S. CONSUL'S REPORT.

In the course of a recent report upon the trade of Hongkong in 1919, Mr. Geo. E. Anderson, the well-known American Consul-General, points out that the imports and exports rose by over 40 per cent. as compared with 1918, exceeding the billion dollar mark. For the first time in the history of the port comparative figures from official sources can be used, but they are still imperfect in that the returns for imports do not include imports from ports in China south of Swatow and some returns from Foochow, Swatow, and Amoy, all of which will reach a value of about \$12,000,000; bullion and other treasure for the first half of the year amounting in import and export to something like \$75,000,000; the value of the imports of sugar, or imports for the Army or Navy, or for the Colonial Government all such omissions totalling at least \$200,000,000. There has also been considerable trouble in the matter of exchange. The Hongkong figures are returned in pounds sterling, to which the Hongkong dollar valuations are reduced, at average rates by the quarter. These sterling returns have been reduced to American gold at the rate of \$4.75 to the pound sterling during 1919 and \$4.40 to the pound for 1918, these rates representing the average "cross rate" between New York and London on a Hongkong basis. On this foundation, and with these limitations, the imports of the Colony are returned as valued at \$398,867,515, compared with a value of \$289,435,186 in 1918, the figures for 1919 being estimated at \$200,000,000 and those for 1918 being something like \$100,000,000 below the actual value of the imports. The exports, which are returned as substantially complete except as to treasure for the first half of the year, were valued in 1919 at \$457,348,908 compared with a value of \$318,542,287 in 1918. The total imports and exports were valued at \$856,216,425, compared with a value of \$607,959,475 in 1918, or, with the omissions above noted in imports and treasure, an estimated total of \$1,056,216,425, compared with an estimated total in 1918 of \$707,959,475.

## INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL ROBERT BURNS ANNIVERSARY DINNER, will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Members desiring to attend are requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Cost of Dinner will be \$3.00 per head, exclusive of wines.

T. W. HILL,  
Hon. Secretary.

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.  
Hongkong, January 18, 1921.

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

Open Billiard Championship of the Colony.

ENTRIES for the above Championship ship close on the 26th instant to the Hon. Secretary.

Entrance Fee \$2.00.

Competitors are also requested to attend at the Club on the 26th instant at 6 p.m.

R. C. WITCHELL,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, January 19, 1921.

CATHEDRAL MEMORIAL.

OFFICERS of the BRITISH MERCANTILE MARINE, who would like to have seats allotted to them in the Cathedral at the unveiling of the above Memorial on SUNDAY next, Jan. 30, at 10.30 a.m. should send in their names before WEDNESDAY, evening next, to the Chaplain, the SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.

Hongkong, January 24, 1921.

HONGKONG WAR MEMORIAL.

EX-OFFICERS wishing to attend the Service in connection with the unveiling of the above Memorial are requested to communicate as soon as possible with—

BRIG. GEN. E. B. MACGAGHAN

B. A. T. Co.

Seats will be allotted to them in the Cathedral and they should wear Service Medals, Miniature Medals or Ribbons.

The Service will take place on SUNDAY, 30th, at 10.30 a.m.

Hongkong, January 24, 1921.

## MASSAGE.

MR. HONDA and MRS. HONDA.

Trained male Masseurs.

12 years' experience.

Formerly of Tokyo Military Hospital.

WILL VISIT PATIENTS' RESIDENCES IF REFERRED.

No. 24, Wyndham Street (Opposite to the China Mail.)

## NOTICES.

THE BEST LUBRICANT IS NOT TOO GOOD FOR YOUR CAR!

For Maximum Power,  
Minimum Wear, and  
a Dependable Oil  
Use

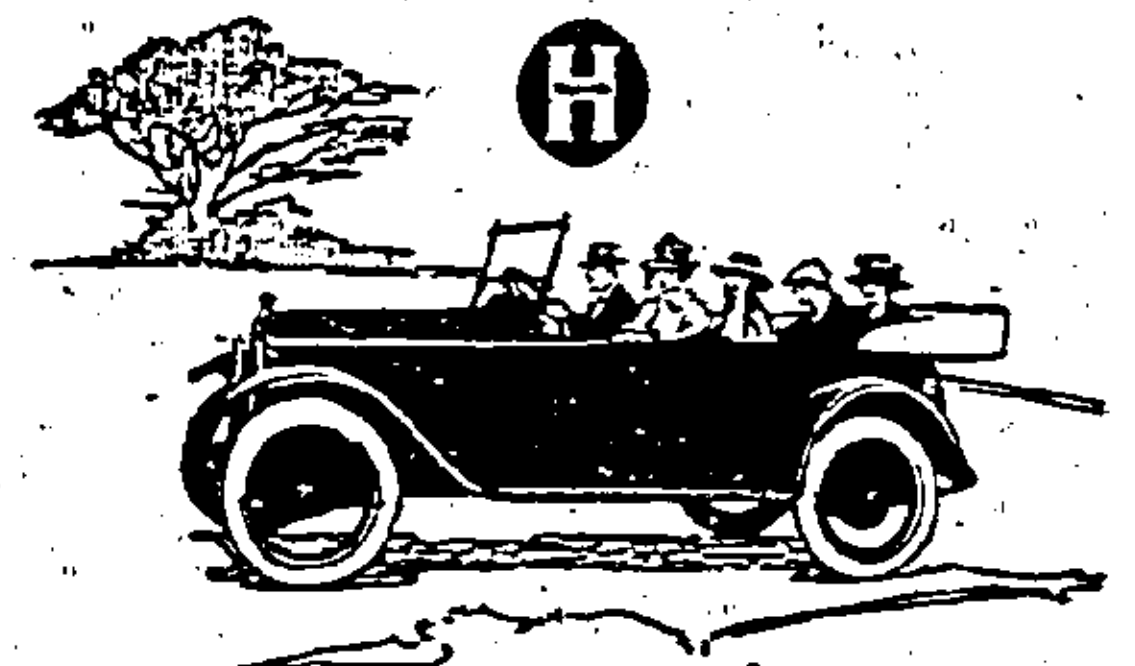
**SOCONY**  
**AUTO OIL**

Richer crudes and exclusive processes, both costing more than those inferior, are used in the production of Socony Auto Oil. Socony Auto Oils are therefore higher priced than many others.

But they are less expensive in the end. Their use means lower repair bills—and a smoother running engine.



STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK.



Performance that actually exceeds the performance of costlier cars is one of the reasons why the Hupmobile is so highly spoken of. Its pronounced economy on tyres, oil and petrol, undoubtedly is another. But we believe that the bedrock reason of all is the continuous, willing service the car yields to all owners.

### IMPORTANT FEATURES.

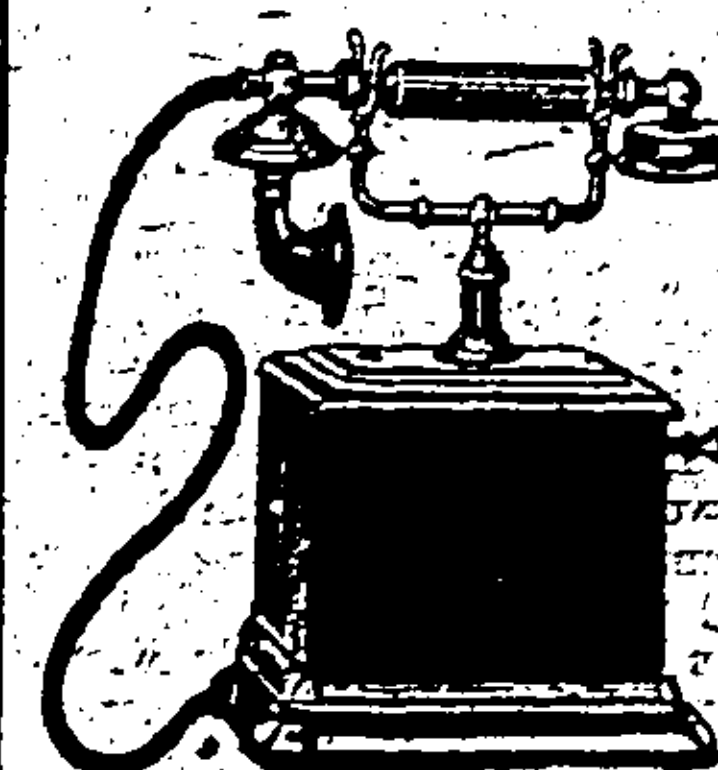
Extra strong rigid frame.  
Two carburettor adjustments.  
Pressure oil system feeding oil direct to bearings.  
Soft operating clutch with adjustable pedal.  
Extra long change speed lever with short, easy throw.  
Extra long, semi-elliptic springs; chrome vanadium leaves.

Semi-inversible steering gear; strong construction.  
Detachable engine head; easy to grind valves or remove carbon.  
Extreme roominess of tonneau and driving compartment.  
Completeness and quality of equipment.

**ALEX. ROSS & COMPANY,**  
HONGKONG, CHINA.

**SHANGHAI GARAGE COMPANY,**  
SHANGHAI, CHINA.

**Hupmobile**



CLEAR TRANSMISSION

IS  
FIRST REQUISITE  
IN  
TELEPHONE SERVICE.

IT PAYS YOU TO

**TRY OUR NEW  
DESK TELEPHONE.**

**THE SINCERE CO., LTD.**



# Finest Australian WATTLE BLOSSOM HONEY.

Very rich flavour and of  
exceptionally high quality.

Price per 1 lb. bottle \$1.25.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,  
Hongkong Dispensary.

Wm. **Powell** Ltd.  
TELEPHONE 346

NEW STOCKS  
OF  
LACE CURTAINS.  
ARTISTIC DESIGNS,  
IN  
NOTTINGHAM LACE,  
MADRAS,  
BRIS-BRIS,  
NETS,  
VITRAGE BLINDS, Etc.

## CAR OWNERS.

Prolong the life of your Car by keeping it in  
condition. Inspection monthly by an Expert Motor  
Engineer will cut your Repair Bill down and save  
you Expense, Time, Trouble and Annoyance.

For particulars apply to

E. MOW FUNG,  
F. W. D. Automotive Service Department,  
60, Des Vaux Road Central.

## BIRTHS.

MACFADYEN.—On Dec. 11, at  
Wickham Manor, Severn,  
Wendell Kent, wife of Eric Mac-  
Fadyen, a son.

MCINTYRE.—On January 9, 1921,  
at Fairy Bank, Airdrie, Scotland,  
to Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. McIn-  
tyre, a son.

MULLER.—On January 17, 1921,  
at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. E.  
J. Muller, a son.

## MARRIAGES.

WHITE-BURTON.—On Monday,  
January 17, 1921, at Shanghai,  
David White, son of Mr. David  
White, Barrhead, Scotland, to  
Kathleen Burton, daughter of  
the late Charles Burton and of  
Mrs. Burton, Wigan, Lancashire.

KINGSLEY-BENJAMIN.—On  
Wednesday, January 19, 1921,  
at Nanking, China, Oliver Silas  
Kingsley to Daphne Hilda Ben-  
jamin.

SANDBACH-HAYWARD.—On  
Wednesday, January 19, 1921,  
at Shanghai, Roland Miller Sand-  
bach, to Ella Dorothy Hayward.

JACKSON-HARDINGE.—On  
January 19, 1921, at Shanghai,  
Percy Vernon Jackson to Frances  
Raymond Hardinge.

## DEATHS.

KING.—On Dec. 10, at Addiscombe,  
Croydon, George King, late of  
P. & O. Co., Madras and Singa-  
pore, aged 86.

THOMSETT.—On Dec. 11, at  
Southampton, Mary Susannah  
Thomsett, eldest daughter of late  
H. C. Thomsett, R.N., C.M.G.,  
of Hongkong.

WILSON.—On January 7, 1921, at  
Amoy, William Wilson.

STEPHEN.—On January 18, 1921,  
at Chinkiang, Captain Robert  
Stephen, aged 59 years, formerly  
of the 1-C.S. "Suwo," and  
lately of the Ewo Huk "Chin  
Ho."

## The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE."  
HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JAN. 25, 1921.

## HONGKONG "SLAVERY."

The comments from *Truth* we  
reprinted yesterday show that the  
agitation regarding our local "slav-  
ery" refers to two kinds, though  
not all readers would notice that.  
For our part, we are less shocked  
by the one than by the other. The  
evils of the "mui tsai" system  
undoubtedly exist, though they are  
being exaggerated. As certainly  
the system has good in it, which  
is, naturally enough, ignored by  
those anxious to destroy it. The  
*China Mail* at the moment is less  
indignant against the "mui tsai"  
system (which can be called either  
slavery or adoption, as you please)  
than against the system of intellec-  
tual slavery to the imposition  
of which the Hongkong Govern-  
ment has been obliged to plead  
guilty. If there has to be an  
agitation, and we are to be con-  
sidered, we will request our readers  
of two evils to choose the bigger  
for immediate attack. Mrs. Hasle-  
wood wrote one letter to the local  
Press about child slavery in Hong-  
kong. Whether her views were  
right or wrong, she had the right  
to do so. She was not a govern-  
ment servant, subject to the de-  
partmental bylaw which forbids  
communications to the Press. The  
official warning to her husband,  
Lieut. Commander Haslewood,  
that unless he stopped his wife  
from pursuing the subject, he  
would be superseded and sent  
home, was tyrannous and wrong.  
It shocks us far more than the  
"mui tsai" system does. The  
Government's excuse that Mrs.  
Haslewood's "letters" there was,  
it appears, only one—were "caus-  
ing annoyance to the Chinese com-

munity" cannot be upheld. The  
Chinese also are divided on the  
question of "mui tsai." In any  
case, a community that is "an-  
noyed" by opinion must learn not  
to be. If it is to continue under the  
British flag. The *China Mail* be-  
lieves that it was a false excuse  
anyway, trumped up as an alter-  
thought. We suspect that the  
Government itself was "annoyed"  
at the prospect of getting more  
work to do as a result of such ex-  
posures. It thought it had more  
power than it has, and it abused  
its power. It is now in a hole,  
a bad hole. We take it this case  
will force the issue as to whether  
this Government can be allowed to  
continue its attempted policy of  
suppressing opinions it does not  
like. We say "attempted policy"  
for the reason that it is a policy  
that has very evidently failed. The  
Government, as we pointed out at  
the time the *China Mail* wrote  
believing the only paper to refer  
to it then lacked the foresight with  
which to see that such an action  
must operate against its own policy  
of "hush." The Haslewoods are  
busy getting a bit of their own  
back. There is no job which  
provokes more enthusiasm, or is  
more ardently pursued, than the  
job of getting even. There used to  
be talk of banishing a *China Mail*  
writer. He would have devoted  
the rest of his time to making the  
Government sorry. It is quite  
easy. Local knowledge, discreetly  
utilized in the right quarters at  
Home, could make the Govern-  
ment's bed here anything but one  
of roses. The Haslewoods are  
doing their best, and have made  
a fair showing; but they are an-  
noyed, and have not done all that  
could have been done, by one  
knowing how. However, they  
have achieved enough to make the  
responsible official sorry he ever  
meddled with the rights of this  
pugnacious lady. What we want  
now is to rub it well in, so that  
no similar attempt at Bolshevik  
tyranny will be made again.

## FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

Lord Derby spoke about France  
and England last month to the  
Manchester Chamber of Com-  
merce. Although he advocated  
with warmth, and in the interests  
of peace, an alliance between  
France and England, he made re-  
ference to the invigilation of Eng-  
land in some of the French papers,  
and denied that these writers really  
represented France which, he  
maintained, is not militaristic.

The question whether France is  
or is not militaristic does not now  
concern us, though we could ven-  
ture the assertion offhand that  
Quakerism is not the religion of  
the country.

The extent to which some  
French journalists reflect the  
opinion of the French people does  
not enter, either, at this stage.  
Perhaps the Quaid'Orsay does not  
represent "the great heart of the  
people" any more than these jour-  
nalists do, or than Westminster at  
present represents British public  
opinion.

One thing is clear. Money talks,  
in France as elsewhere. It is im-  
possible to ignore the fact that the  
Russian indebtedness to France has  
counted and is counting in French  
politics and in French opinion.  
They would sooner shake hands  
with the Germans than bow to the  
Russian villains who threaten to  
repudiate the Russian debt. There  
was actually at one time a proposal  
to enlist the aid of German troops  
against the Russians. If Foch's  
Baltic "army" did not actually  
include Germans, we have misread  
the papers of the period. France  
was for Kolchak and for Denikin,  
and would be for any new cham-  
pion who promised to restore Tsar-  
ism or such other Russian govern-  
ment as might promise to pay the  
Tsar's debts to French bondhold-  
ers. It is natural enough, though  
it is not something that is openly  
admitted. President Wilson was  
roundly abused in the French  
Press because his doctrines threat-  
ened the security of these invest-  
ments. In the same way it abuses  
the British Premier because of his  
occasional lapses into idealism, or  
into business common sense. It  
hates any statesman who seems to  
lack the courage to "cut off his  
nose to spite his face," a gesture  
that does not seem unworthy to  
some angry French writers.

## QUEER TRADES UNIONISM.

The National Union of Journal-  
ists, unlike the Institute, is a trade  
union. It is concerned chiefly with  
higher wages and shorter hours.  
This is quite right in the case of  
factory labour, and other forms of  
manual work, but a newspaper  
office is not a factory. Newspaper  
work is not work that can be stan-  
dardized. It will be impossible to  
"grade" journalists on any sys-  
tem that will be fair either to  
journalists themselves or to news-  
paper readers. You cannot pay  
genius and character a "stan-  
dard" wage, nor can the rank and  
file of merely capable journalists  
expect the rewards of genius. Yet  
apparently the National Union has

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The St. Andrew's Church Men's  
Association will hold their first  
annual meeting on Thursday, January  
27, at 8.45 p.m., in the Church  
Hall.

Notice is given to mariners by  
Mr. Arnold Hotson, Harbour Master  
at Canton, that the light-keeper's  
hut and platform attached to Fen  
Shui Tse Beacon have been destroyed  
by fire. Pending re-erection, a fixed  
Red Light will, as heretofore, be ex-  
hibited from the Dolphin Beacon  
which remains standing.

One case of paratyphoid fever,  
Indian, was reported yesterday. Last  
week five Chinese died from influenza,  
two from cerebro spinal fever, one  
from diphtheria, one from small-pox,  
and one from plague. Two cases of  
enteric fever, one British and the  
other Indian, and one case of  
diphtheria, Chinese, were also re-  
ported.

Lady Stubbs has kindly consent-  
ed to present the prizes at the  
Bellios Public School prize  
distribution to be held at Queen's  
College on February 1, at 11 a.m.  
Mrs. Severn has kindly consented  
to perform the same office for the  
Ying Wa College in the Y.M.C.A.  
auditorium, on January 27, at 6 p.m.

The American Federal Wireless  
Telegraph Company of San Francisco  
is reported in a cable from Peking  
to have signed on the 8th inst. a con-  
tract to erect a powerful main-  
tenance station at Shanghai, with  
sub-stations at Canton, Shanghai,  
Peking and Harbin, at a total cost  
of \$4,000,000. These stations will be  
under joint Sino-American operation,  
and controlled by the Chiao-tung  
which will cater for official and  
public business. After ten years the  
whole system will revert to the  
Chinese Government.

It is understood that further  
retirements from the Flag List of the  
Royal Navy, either voluntarily or by  
the operation of the non-service rule,  
will take place shortly. When this  
happens, certain officers who took a  
distinctioned part in the war will re-  
ceive a step in rank. Amongst them is  
Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick C.T. Tudor,  
who was Third Sea Lord in 1914-17,  
and afterwards Commander-in-Chief  
in China, and who is now at the head  
of his rank and due for promotion to  
Admiral in the next vacancy. At the  
top of the rear-admiral's list is Sir  
Roger Keyes, while the senior captain  
is now Ernest C. Hardy, formerly  
Assistant Hydrographer of the Navy.  
The advancement of these three  
officers would leave at the top of  
their respective lists Vice-Admiral  
Sir Alexander Duff, Commander-in-  
Chief in China; Rear-Admiral Sir  
Cecil Lambert, Director of Personnel  
at the Air Ministry; and Captain  
Aubrey Smith, commanding the  
battleship "Ramillies."

## KINEMA NOTES.

### CORONET PICTURES.

"RESPECTABLE BY PROXY."

The feature offering at the Coronet  
Theatre beginning to-day is Sylvia  
Breamer in "Respectable by Proxy."  
The title suggests all sorts of clever  
possibilities, and the picture if it is  
done more than live up to them. It  
is pronounced one of the most enter-  
taining pictures that has come this  
way in many a day. The rest of the  
programme is up to the usual high  
standard of the Coronet.

## SUPPRESSED SCREAM.

### GOVERNMENT HOUSE CRIME.

#### CHARGE AGAINST COOLIE.

The trial of Tong Tim, a coolie  
employed at Government House, on  
the charge of murdering an amah,  
Chan Cheuk, in a bathroom at Gov-  
ernment House on the night of Janu-  
ary 2, began yesterday afternoon be-  
fore Mr. R. E. Linsell at the Magis-  
tracy.

Mr. Hazelrigg, assistant Crown  
Solicitor, appeared for the prosecu-  
tion; Mr. F. C. Lyson for the  
defence.

Outlining the case, Mr. Hazelrigg  
said that the body of the victim was  
found on the morning of January 3  
lying by a side path leading down  
from the east gate of Government  
House towards the Helena May In-  
stitute. On examination, it was  
found to bear marks of violence on  
the neck, indicating that death had  
been caused by strangulation. There  
were signs also that the body had been  
dragged some distance. These signs  
were traced back into Government  
House itself. There were no eye-  
witnesses, either of the crime or of the  
dragging of the body. It would be  
necessary to depend on circumstantial  
evidence to bring home the charge.

The victim was a widow, 44 years  
of age, and had been employed, with  
her three sons, at No. 56, the Peak.  
The prisoner, Tong Tim, had been  
employed for ten years at Govern-  
ment House as a house-coolie, his  
duties being to keep certain rooms on  
the first floor in order. He slept in  
the servants' quarters.

The deceased and the prisoner had  
been on friendly terms for about ten  
years, and the former had been in the  
habit of visiting the prisoner, at  
Government House, usually on Sun-  
days. She had no other friends  
among the servants at Government  
House. There were also business  
relations between the two of them.  
About 15 months ago, being short of  
money, the prisoner had formed a  
loan association. There were 21  
shares in all; of these the deceased  
held two shares; and some of the  
servants of Government House held  
ten shares among them.

About 11 o'clock on the morning  
of Sunday, January 2, the deceased  
after expressing her intention of going  
down to Government House to see the  
prisoner, left the Peak. She had in  
her possession not less than \$30,  
given her by her son. She tried sev-  
eral times that day to see the prisoner  
and ultimately succeeded. She was  
last seen alive at 8 p.m.

Evidence would be called to show  
that the crime was committed in the  
bathroom attached to the supper room  
at Government House—a part of the  
building to which the prisoner had no  
right of access. But the servant  
whose duty it was to inspect the sup-  
per room and lock it at night placed  
the key in a position which must have  
been within the knowledge of the  
prisoner. This room was usually un-  
occupied between 8 and 9 p.m., and  
the servants were principally occupied  
at that time in the dining-room. The  
prisoner, however, would not be  
working then.

Between 8 and 9 p.m. that evening,  
Capt. Warner, private secretary to  
the Governor, was in the lounge when  
he was disturbed by a noise which he  
took to be a suppressed scream. He  
sent a servant to try and find out what  
it was, but the man made no dis-  
covery, and, hearing nothing more,  
Capt. Warner let the matter drop.  
The prosecution suggested that this  
scream was the prelude of the crime.

The following morning, about 6.45  
o'clock, a lamp lighter going his  
rounds to extinguish lamps, noticed  
that lamp 305 was out. The unusual  
incident particularly attracted his at-  
tention. On his way to the next lamp  
he found the body of the deceased.  
The police were notified and Inspec-  
tor Appleton discovered the trail by  
which the body had been dragged from  
Government House. Certain traces  
of blood were the principal indications  
of this. The trail was traced back,  
through the Government House  
grounds, across a grass plot, along  
the verandah, into the supper-room,  
and so to the bathroom in the pas-  
sage of which was found a small pool  
of blood. The Crown suggested that  
the prisoner extinguished the street  
lamp before he removed the body, so  
that it might not light up his dark  
deeds. In the bathroom was found  
human hair which on a microscopical  
examination was found to be similar  
in every respect to the hair of the  
deceased. The prisoner's strange  
manner on the morning after the  
crime attracted the attention of his  
fellow-servants; he was also seen  
with a cloth in the vicinity of the  
supper-room where his duties ordi-  
narily would not take him. Witnesses  
would say that he seemed frightened  
and excited. As he was known to be  
acquainted with the deceased, Inspec-  
tor Appleton took him to the Mortu-  
ary to assist in the identification.  
He exhibited great reluctance to go  
near the body and when he saw it  
denied that he knew whose body it  
was. The prosecution suggested rob-  
bery as the motive of the crime.

When arrested the prisoner had one  
dollar in his pocket and 43 dollars hid-  
den in his clothing. His hands bore  
indications that he had recently en-  
gaged in a struggle.

Dr. H. H. Scott, Superintendent of  
the Victoria Mortuary and Govern-  
ment Bacteriologist, was the first wit-  
ness for the prosecution. He said he  
made a post-mortem examination of  
the deceased at 9.30 a.m. on Janu-  
ary 3. There were horizontal marks  
round the neck, a large bruise on the  
head, a small punctured wound over  
the right eye-brow and other slight  
marks of injury. There were abra-  
sions and much dirt on the front of  
both thighs, the directions of the  
scratches being from above down-  
wards. The face was cyanosed, and  
the tongue was protruding. The in-  
ternal signs showed that death was  
due to asphyxiation; the organs were  
otherwise healthy. The injuries did  
not appear to have been self-inflicted.  
From the appearance of the thighs the  
body had been dragged face down-  
wards and head foremost. Death  
must have occurred about ten hours  
before his examination. He had made  
the comparison of the hair found with  
that of the deceased and found it  
similar. Various blood stains and  
clots found on leaves of trees, in  
Government House, and on the pris-  
oner's coat had proved on examina-  
tion to be human blood.

## BUNGALOW CASE.

### SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

#### SUMMARY COURT ACTION.

An interesting suit involving dam-  
age alleged to have been done to  
adjacent property by the building of  
a bungalow, was set for hearing in  
the Summary Court this morning be-  
fore the Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice  
Wood. The plaintiff is the Rev.  
Father A. Henriquez, who is suing  
Mr. George Theodore Lam for \$205.  
The plaintiff's solicitors are Johnson,  
Stokes and Master; the defendant's  
are Lo and Lo. Owing to the indis-  
position of Mr. Lo the case was  
postponed and a new date for  
hearing will be set on Friday.

The plaintiff resides at Shiu Hing  
in the Province of Kwangtung and  
is a clerk in Holy Orders. He is the  
owner of Kowloon Island Lot No.  
1318, which he acquired about  
February 12, 1919.

The defendant resides at Victoria,  
and is the owner of Kowloon Island  
Lot No. 1321, contiguous to the  
plaintiff's property. He acquired it  
about November 5, 1919.

The plaintiff alleges that in 1918  
he built two bungalows with a  
compound and boundary walls, com-  
pleting them about March, 1919.  
In 1920 the defendant commenced  
building operations on his lot. The  
plaintiff was entitled to have his com-  
pound and boundary walls supported  
by the soil and land adjacent to his  
compound. The defendant, he says,  
wrongfully removed the support of  
the soil and omitted to shore up or  
otherwise secure the plaintiff's com-  
pound and boundary walls. As a  
result, he says, his walls and com-  
pound were damaged.

In particular, he alleges, cement  
concrete surfacing of the compound  
has subsided and cracked and re-  
quires taking up and relaying with cement  
to the thickness of 4 inches, and re-  
surfacing over an area of about 50  
square yards, including the repairing  
of the surface channels affected.  
The boundary wall for a length of  
60 feet or thereabout has cracked  
and is leaning outwards slightly  
towards the defendant's building, and  
the cracks require to be filled up with  
cement. The defendant, he says,  
has erected within 10 feet of the  
plaintiff's compound and boundary  
walls a building, part of which  
within such 10 feet extends to a  
lower level than the foundations of  
the plaintiff's boundary walls; omit-  
ting, in breach of the ordinance,  
giving him due notice.

The defendant denies that the  
plaintiff was or is entitled to acquire  
any right to have his compound and  
boundary walls incumbered with  
buildings supported by the soil and  
land subjacent and adjacent thereto.  
He admits he made excavations on  
his land, but denies that he made  
them adjacent to the land of the  
plaintiff without leaving proper sup-  
port for the plaintiff's land or his  
compound and boundary walls, or  
that the plaintiff has suffered any  
damage thereby.

The defendant denies that he was  
guilty of negligence and says that the  
alleged damage was not caused by  
any of his acts, but from the nature  
of the plaintiff's soil, which consists  
of fillings, and from the weight of  
the buildings in the defendants land  
causing compression of the soil in the  
plaintiff's land.

Further, he says that the damage  
was caused by the plaintiff's  
negligence in building the boundary  
wall on the extreme edge of the  
concrete foundation next to the  
defendant's lot, instead of allowing  
the foundation to project equally on  
both sides. By reason of this faulty  
construction, he says, rain percolating  
through the surface of the defendant's  
land caused the wall to settle on one  
side only, towards the defendant's  
lot.

ment Bacteriologist, was the first wit-  
ness for the prosecution. He said he  
made a post-mortem examination of  
the deceased at 9.30 a.m. on Janu-  
ary 3. There were horizontal marks  
round the neck, a large bruise on the  
head, a small punctured wound over  
the right eye-brow and other slight  
marks of injury. There were abra-  
sions and much dirt on the front of  
both thighs, the directions of the  
scratches being from above down-  
wards. The face was cyanosed, and  
the tongue was protruding. The in-  
ternal signs showed that death was  
due to asphyxiation; the organs were  
otherwise healthy. The injuries did  
not appear to have been self-inflicted.  
From the appearance of the thighs the  
body had been dragged face down-  
wards and head foremost. Death  
must have occurred about ten hours  
before his examination. He had made  
the comparison of the hair found with  
that of the deceased and found it  
similar. Various blood stains and  
clots found on leaves of trees, in  
Government House, and on the pris-  
oner's coat had proved on examina-  
tion to be human blood.

Mr. Sutton, Public Works Depart-  
ment, put in a plan of Government  
House and its vicinity; Mr. J. W.  
Barkin, custodian of Government  
House, explained the arrangement of  
the various rooms and corridors.  
The hearing was adjourned.

## [HONGKONG UNIVERSITY.]

### MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

#### LIST OF THE RESULTS.

The results of the Hongkong  
University Matriculation Examination  
held in December 1920 are as follow:

SHANGHAI.  
Bau Tsu Tung, 53 Medhurst College,  
Wong Zung Pui, 54 Medhurst Col-  
lege.  
Dung Tse Tse, 57 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Oong Teh Zee, 59 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Wang Sze Yuen, 60 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Hu Cheng En, 61 Public School for  
Chinese.  
F. Z. Chun, 64 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Z. Z. Drun, 65 Public School for  
Chinese.  
C. Z. Ma, 66 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Chang Nyee Tsung, 69 Ellis Kadoorie  
School.

Wong Chang Woo, 72 St. Francis  
Xavier's.  
Vickramjee Vithaljee, 74 Thomas  
Hambury School for Boys.

Koo Tai Yong, 77 St. Francis  
Xavier's.  
The following Candidates have fail-  
ed in the Matriculation Examination,  
but are eligible for Senior Local  
Certificates:  
Iau Tsung Kye, 51 Medhurst College.  
Yang Chi Tshang, 52 Medhurst Col-  
lege.  
Shou Piao, 50 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Lai Shaw Wei, 63 Public School for  
Chinese.  
Mo Ding Yuen, 73 St. Francis  
Xavier's.

L. A. Lewis, 75 Private Study.  
Zi Ing San, 78 St. Francis Xavier's.

TUICHANG.  
Li Lo Chih, 315 Wesley College.  
Su Chung Hui, 317 Wesley College.  
Lu Tong Pang, 318 Wesley College.

Candidate Cheng Chang 311 is  
entitled to a Senior Certificate.

HANKOW.  
Chao Ching An, 301 Griffith John  
College.

Liu Fong Wu, 306 Griffith John Col-  
lege.

The following Candidates have fail-  
ed in the Matriculation Examination,  
but are eligible for Senior Local  
Certificates:

HANKOW.  
Chang Li Wen, 300 Griffith John  
College.

Li Kwei Fong, 305 Griffith John Col-  
lege.

Wong Ai Chiang, 308 Griffith John  
College.

JUNIOR LOCAL.  
SHANGHAI.

Tseng Sau Sai, 121 Nien Chih Kwei  
Public School.

Yui Zong Chen, 122 Nien Chih Kwei  
Public School.

Kwan Pak Chien, 124 Medhurst Col-  
lege.

Zien Zui Men, 128 Medhurst Col-  
lege.

Sung Tshah Siang, 135 Ellis Kadoorie  
School.

Yang Zur Pao, 139 Ellis Kadoorie  
School.

Woo Loh Dee, 142 Ellis Kadoorie  
School, Distinction in Chinese.

Wong Vong Ming, 143 Public School  
for Chinese, Distinction in Chi-  
nese.

Chang Chi Piao, 145 Public School  
for Chinese.

King Yiu Quen, 146 Public School  
for Chinese.

Wong Chin Sou, 147 Public School  
for Chinese.

Bong Zung Sung, 143 Public School  
for Chinese.

Gee Waite, 151 Public School for  
Chinese.

Ede Foh Zien, 152 Public School for  
Chinese.

Chang Hung Nien, 153 Public School  
for Chinese, Distinction in  
Chemistry.

Zao Zou Ting, 154 Public School for  
Chinese, Distinction in Drawing.

Koh Che Ling, 156 Public School for  
Chinese.

Woo Tao Han, 157 Public School for  
Chinese.

Li Ding Fong, 158 Public School for  
Chinese.

Ho Hsiao Hsen, 160 Public School  
for Chinese.

Yeh Mee Zung, 161 Public School  
for Chinese.

HANKOW.  
Chen Chi Tsan, 216 Griffith John  
College, Distinction in Mathe-  
matics.

Chiang Ta Wei, 217 Griffith John  
College.

Hwang Shih Ping, 218 Griffith John  
College.

Koh Kwan Seng, 219 Griffith John  
College, Distinction in Arith-  
metic, Chinese, Mathematics,  
and Biblical Knowledge.

Loo Kuo Ping, 220 Griffith John Col-  
lege.

Li Yen Tze, 221 Griffith John Col-  
lege, Distinction in Chinese.

Teng Peh Lien, 222 Griffith John Col-  
lege.

Wu Chang Ching, 223 Griffith John  
College, Distinction in Arith-  
metic.

CURE THAT COUGH.

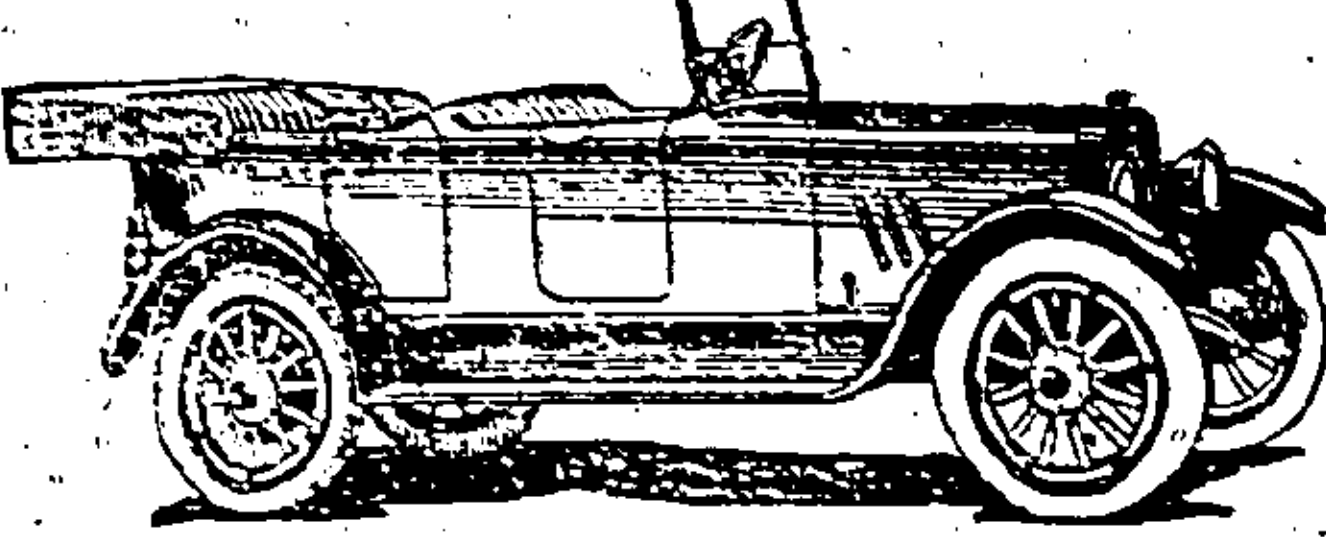
WHEN you have a troublesome  
cough, it does not mean that you  
have consumption, or that you are  
going to have it, but it does mean  
that your lungs are threatened, and it is just  
as well to be on the safe side and take  
Chamberlain's



**CABLE ADDRESS**  
"MERCURY" HONGKONG  
CABLE NO. 100  
A.R.O. P.O. BOX 100  
WATERLOO CANTON  
TELEGRAMS  
P. O. BOX 100  
MERCURY

**MERCURY MOTOR CAR CO.**  
59-61 Des Voeux Road Central,  
HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE: 114  
GENERAL OFFICE: 114  
NEW BRANCH: 114  
SHOW ROOM: 114  
ROBINSON ROAD: 114  
WEST POINT BRANCH: 114  
WORK SHOP: 114



## TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reader's Service to the China Mail)

### INDIAN ARMY REDUCTIONS.

NATIVE CONTENTMENT BETTER THAN COSTLY ARMED FORCES.

### MILITARY CIRCLES CONDEMN CHANGES

DELHI, January 24.

In connection with the Indian Army reductions it is understood that proposals have been sent home for the immediate employment of the officers who will be demobilised by the formation of special units which will be available for service overseas and will be maintained at the expense of the Imperial Government. Meanwhile the 39 regiments of Indian cavalry are being reformed into 21 by a process of amalgamation. After the completion of this scheme 39 infantry battalions will be demobilised. The Air Force is being reduced by two squadrons and the remaining force will be improved. Military circles generally condemn the weakening of the army which is said to be purely the outcome of the financial position coupled with the Indian outcry at the heavy cost of the army. Indian politicians insist that the contentment of the Indians is a bigger insurance than costly armed forces.

### SUBMARINE DISASTER.

K5'S ALLEGED ABNORMAL DIVING QUALITIES.

### FORMER TROUBLES.

LONDON, January 24.

A former member of the crew of the K5, in an interview, declares that the submarine caused trouble at Rosyth last May while diving. The submarine seemed to take a charge and went to the bottom at a steep angle. They were then down two hours. Her diving qualities were generally described as abnormal. He also revealed that the craft recently gave trouble between Chatham and Portsmouth.

### BELGIAN LOAN FLOATED IN AMERICA.

NEW YORK, January 24.

The \$30,000,000 loan negotiated by the Belgian Government with the Guaranty Trust Company and Messrs. Morgan was over subscribed. The loan was issued at par interest at 8 per cent.

### CORK MAN'S APPEAL.

EXECUTION POSTPONED THREE TIMES.

LONDON, January 25.

Murphy's execution has been again postponed, the third time, until February 2, in consequence of the hearing of his appeal not having terminated.

[A London cable dated January 17 stated:—The High Court is hearing an appeal by a Cork man named Murphy against a court martial death sentence for participation in an ambush. Leave to appeal was granted by the Chief Justice after a strong agitation on behalf of Murphy whose innocence is asserted. The Court adjourned the application until January 24, suspending the execution, which should be carried out on January 19, until January 26. The grant of an appeal against a court martial is without precedent.]

### A FATAL SPARK.

MANY KILLED IN BIG PETROL TANK CAR EXPLOSION.

MEMPHIS, January 24.

It is believed that over a score were killed and many injured in an explosion of a big petrol tank car which threw flaming oil on the houses of negroes, starting a serious fire. Many occupants of the houses are missing. A spark from the diesel of a workman caulking the tank is said to have caused the accident.

### AUSTRALIAN SHIPPING STRIKE OFF.

MELBOURNE, January 24.

A mass meeting declared the shipping strike off. A similar meeting is being held in Sydney.

LATER.

Mass meetings of stewards at Sydney and Brisbane decided to resume work.

### MEXICAN OIL.

BIG INCREASE IN EXPORT TAX.

WASHINGTON, January 25.

An increase of approximately 30 per cent in the export tax on oil is provided for in the petroleum tax revision proposals of the Mexican Government. It is expected that the increase will become effective in February unless producers can convince the Government that the tax is unjust.

### SERIOUS INDIAN RIOTS.

ANNIHILATION OF POLICE THREATENED.

### A SPECIAL TROOP TRAIN.

ALLAHABAD, January 25.

There has been a recrudescence of the rioting which occurred in the Fyzabad district last week. At present 10,000 demonstrators and more are pouring in with the alleged object of annihilating the police. A special troop train is being dispatched from Lucknow.

### AMERICAN MEAT-PACKING INDUSTRIES.

WASHINGTON, January 24.

The Senate has passed a Bill for the Federal regulation of the meat-packing and allied industries.

## BOUGHT FOR \$5.

"MUI TSAI" SYSTEM AGAIN.

MORE ALLEGED CRUELTY.

CHILD DOMESTIC INTERROGATED.

Another case of cruelty to a maid was heard by Magistrate Lindell at the Magistracy this morning. The defendant, a Chinese woman living in Cochrane Street, said that she had never inflicted unnecessary suffering on the child, adding: "Her face was the same as when she first came to me some years ago."

Dr. W. E. A. Moore, Superintendent of the Government Civil Hospital, deposed that the child was brought to the hospital on January 17, with scabs on her face and head. She had a boil on the back of the right wrist and some dry scabs on the upper part of the left arm and on the right thigh. On the right leg he found an abscess, while on the left thigh were other scabs.

By the Magistrate: The witness could not say how these injuries were caused. They might be due to scratching. They were not old scars.

The Magistrate: Could they be attributed to illness? No, there were no traces of any skin disease to account for the scratches.

The witness said that he had examined the girl for scabies, but could find no trace of the disease or any other skin disease. The girl was fairly well nourished.

By the Magistrate: The witness was unable to form an opinion as to how the scars were caused.

Inspector McKay, who prosecuted, said that the girl was found crying in Cochrane Street and taken to the Central Station by a Chinese gentleman.

In the course of a statement made at the station the child alleged that the defendant made her work from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m.

The marks on her head, face and body, she said, were caused by the defendant who often beat her, sometimes with firewood and sometimes with the back of a chopper. The mark on her mouth, she alleged, was made by the defendant with a pair of pincers. The child ended her statement by saying that she had risen late that morning owing to the fact that she had stayed up until 2 a.m., knitting a scarf. "When I found that I was late," she had said, "I was afraid to face my mistress, so I ran away."

The defendant, when arrested and charged, denied beating the girl, and claimed to have bought her for \$5 some years ago. The child's mother is dead. Her father was still living in Hongkong, but was out of work.

The Magistrate: Is child capable of giving evidence?—Yes.

Let us hear her. The girl who was blind in one eye, looked very dirty and unkempt as she walked into the witness box. Although she looked much younger, she gave her age as the Magistrate as 13 years. She said she was married.

The Magistrate: Who to?—(No reply.)

Is your mistress kind to you?—The master is kind to me, but the mistress is not good.

How long have you been with her?—A long time.

How is she unkind to you?—(No reply.)

You will not have to go back to her place, so you need not be afraid to speak the truth. She used to beat me with a rattan and sometimes with firewood.

How many times during the month?—More than once, but I cannot remember how many times.

The defendant: You stole 50 cents from me?—I did not. How could I?

The Magistrate: How did you get those scars?—I scratched myself and the skin broke. Those on the body, I mean.

The Magistrate said that he did not think he could convict the defendant on the girl's evidence. Dr. Moore had said that the scars could have been caused by scratching, and the child had told the Court that she had caused them herself by scratching.

Inspector McKay pointed out that in her statement at the station the child had said that the defendant beat her with a rattan and a chopper.

The Magistrate said that as she refused to repeat that statement in Court, he had no option but to discharge the defendant on the evidence before him, but he would direct that the girl be taken care of by the S. C. A.

## SHIP OWNERS SUED.

CAPTAIN ROBINSON'S CASE.

ALLEGED WRONGFUL DISMISSAL.

Hearing of the suit of Captain Harold Percy Robinson, former master of the steamer "Haitan," against the owners of the vessel, the Man Wing Steamship Co., Ltd., for \$1,000 damages for alleged wrongful dismissal, began in the Summary Court yesterday afternoon before the Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice Wood.

The plaintiff was represented by Mr. Hind of G. K. Hall, Brunton & Co.; the defendants by Mr. Lewis of Johnson, Stokes and Master.

The plaintiff alleged that he was entitled to \$1,440, being three

months' wages at \$480 a month, in lieu of notice, but he waived \$440 in order to bring the case in the jurisdiction of the Summary Court. He was dismissed on November 4, 1920. The "Haitan" runs between Hongkong and Singapore.

## "THE YELLOW DRAGON."

QUEEN'S COLLEGE PUBLICATION.

AN INTERESTING NUMBER.

The January number of *The Yellow Dragon*, the school publication of Queen's College, which has just been received, is bright and interesting, and filled with entertaining accounts of the activities of the students. It contains numerous news paragraphs, lively editorial comment, adequate descriptions of the sporting contests that the school's teams have engaged in, and full accounts of recent college functions, including the theatrical performances given for the benefit of the Famine and War Relief funds, the educational walks that have become so popular, and various other events.

Not the least interesting is the report of the debates held by the Class 1 Debating Society. The claim "that European dress is superior to Chinese dress" was defeated by 16 votes to 6. The affirmative, however, won on the question that "the first has educational significance," it being argued convincingly that all students ought to learn boxing. Similarly the affirmative won, by the overwhelming vote of 17 to 4, in the debate on the question that "Co-education is a good system."

## CORRESPONDENCE.

"ADVERSARIUS" REPROVED BY SCIENTIST.

[To the Editor of the "China Mail"]

Sir,—My attention has just been called to certain remarks of "Adversaria" appearing in your issue of the 22nd inst. This is his second attack. I cannot understand why "Adversaria" should be so insulting and ungentlemanly. He once confessed that he was troubled with a disordered liver, and maybe he is still suffering from the same fall disease? He writes:—"I would like to see those cordial acknowledgments, and their dates. If this local 'scientist' cares to let us see the originals, the *China Mail* will publish them in full." I may point out that these several acknowledgments referred to are sealed official documents received from these great and famous Universities and Scientific Institutions during the months of December 1920 and January 1921, and provided "Adversaria" is willing to publicly apologise for his childish indiscretions, I shall be glad to let him see all these acknowledgments, if he will walk into my Office at any time to suit his convenience. However, I don't think space could be found in the *China Mail* for the publication of all the kind and cordial acknowledgments which I have received up to date, and besides I do not wish to bore your readers with their publication or to give "Adversaria" the chance of again calling me the *comical* "local Scientist."

But why doesn't he, and why can't he relish the idea of a Chinese becoming a Scientist?

Yours truly,  
TSE TSAN TAL  
Hongkong, January 24, 1921.

## TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

## WANTED.

STEWARDS for Steamer proceeding to LIVERPOOL, middle of March 1921. Applicants with previous experience and certificates of service only need apply. Box 1254, c/o "China Mail."

## POSITION WANTED.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of SHIPPING and CODES open for engagement from 1st March. Will accept \$125.00 to start, WITH PROSPECTS. Apply "Glinto" c/o "China Mail."

## A GRAND MATINEE

GIVEN BY

## VERA MIROVA

the Distinguished Art Danseuse

AND

## LEO. PODOLSKY

the Brilliant Modern Pianist

TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), JANUARY 26, 1921.

At 5.30 p.m.

ST. ANDREW'S HALL.

BOOKING AT ANDERSON'S.

PRICES: \$3, \$2 &amp; \$1.

## NOTICES.

## LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

### TRAVELLING REQUISITES.

## ENGLISH and AMERICAN WARDROBE TRUNKS

CABIN AND HOLD TRUNKS  
HOLDALLS  
KIT BAGS—SUIT CASES  
ATTACHE CASES

LARGE SELECTIONS—QUALITY ASSURED  
MODERATE PRICES.

## "BABY" GRAND PIANOS

JUST UNPACKED

FROM

"BROADWOOD" LONDON.

&amp;

"CHICKERING" BOSTON.

The finest in the World.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

14, DES VOEUX ROAD.

TEL. 1322.

## FINE SELECTION OF GOODS

SUITABLE FOR

## PRESENTS.

Including  
CUTEX SETS COTY'S & HOBIGANT'S PERFUMERY  
MANICURE SETS HAIR BRUSHES & COMBS  
COLGATE'S GIFT BOXES PIPES & VACUUM FLASKS  
Etc. Etc.

At Moderate Prices.

## COLONIAL DISPENSARY,

Tel. No. 1877.

14 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

## THE "BON TON" LTD.

37, Queen's Road, Central.

JUST ARRIVED.

An odd assortment of Ladies' Hats of the latest French styles and make, no duplicates of any style.

Also Evening Dress, excellent Overcoatings and Costume Materials and Trimmings, etc.

The universal popular BONTON Corsets.

## TANSAN

received the highest award

## A GOLD MEDAL

from a committee of critical judges at the

Anglo-Japanese Exhibition

which testified to its excellence and purity.

Beware of bogus imitations. No Tansan is genuine unless the label bears the name of  
J. OLIFFORD-WILKINSON.

Unrivalled as a drink. Mixes well with Wines, Spirits or Milk.

TANSAN raises the spirits and excites sanguine anticipation, even as a flagon of wine exhilarated the monks of old.

For the good old friar of orders grey  
Would have waived the flagon of wine away  
And would himself as any man can  
With bubbling, sparkling, cool Tansan.

Tansan can be obtained at all first class Hotels, Bars and Clubs in the Far East.

SOLE AGENTS:—

GANDE, PRICE &amp; CO., LTD.

Tel. No. 128.

2, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.



## SHIPPING

## HONGKONG, CANTON &amp; MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

## HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.  
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 5 p.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

## HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

SAILINGS:—

To Macao—daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays at 9 a.m.)

From Macao—daily at 8.30 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays at 3 p.m. only)

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Thos. Cox & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

## DODWELL &amp; COMPANY, LTD.

## STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

Regular Sailings to  
NEW YORK AND/OR BOSTON  
Via Suez or Panama Canals at Owner's Option.

S.S. "BOLTON CASTLE" ..... Sailing on or about January 28th.

## LLOYD TRIESTINO

## FOR SHANGHAI.

S.S. "HUNGARIA" ..... Sailing on or about January 30th.

## FOR VENICE.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING  
FOR LYANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS.  
Via SINGAPORE, PENANG, and COLOMBO.

S.S. "PILSNA" ..... Sailing on or about February 10th.

S.S. "HUNGARIA" ..... Sailing on or about March 3rd.

Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

## NANYO YUSEN KAISHA, Ltd.

(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

## Regular Services between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA

## FOR JAPAN.

S.S. "SAMARANG MARU" ..... Sailing on or about February 7th.

## FOR JAVA.

S.S. "MACASSAR MARU" ..... Sailing on or about February 11th.

## OCEAN TRANSPORT Co., Ltd.

(TAIYO KAIUN KAISHA.)

Steamship Services Trans-Pacific.  
Also to Australia, Europe, etc.

## NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS with transshipment at CALCUTTA, in connection with the INDIA-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., and APCAL LINES.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply—

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

BUEENOS AIRES—Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Marinha, Durban & Cape Town via Singapore. Passenger Service.

SEATTLE MARU—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore. Tuesday, 8th March.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore. Thursday, 8th February.

SAIGON, HANGKOW & SINGAPORE—Regular monthly service. Wednesday, 2nd February.

UNNAN MARU—Wednesday, 2nd February.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE—Monthly service taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Via Shanghai and Japan—Regular fortnightly service touching at intermediate ports in Japan taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S. in connection with Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

HAWAII MARU—Monday, 7th February.

AFRICA MARU—Monday, 28th February.

NEW YORK—Regular monthly service via Japan ports, San Francisco, Panama and Colon Ports.

ALASKA MARU—Middle February.

HAMBURG MARU—Monday, 7th February.

JAPAN PORTS—Shanghai, Yokohama, Kobe and Yokohama.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O.S.K. wharf near the Harbor Office.

AMAKUSA MARU—Sunday, 30th January.

TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

BOISHU MARU—Thursday, 27th January.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager, No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. No. 744 and 745.

## WATERHOUSE LINE

## TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Operating the following U. S. Shipping Board Steamers

For

## SEATTLE-TACOMA-VICTORIA-VANCOUVER

via Kobe and Yokohama.

"WEST IVAN" ..... 10th Feb.

further sailings to be announced later.

Through Bills issued to all Overland Common Points in U.S. and Canada.

For rates and further particulars apply to

## FRANK WATERHOUSE &amp; COMPANY,

1st Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS, Tel. No. 2407.

## CHINA-AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE.

For AUSTRALIAN PORTS via MANILA & SANDAKAN.

"VICTORIA" ..... Sailing Feb. 18th.

"GABO" ..... Sailing Feb. 22nd.

For Freight and Passage apply to—

THE CHINA & AUSTRALIA S. S. CO., LTD.

Agents, 114, Cross Street, Central.

Telephone No. 2207.

## SHIPPING.

## C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

## SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	SHANN	Jan. 26, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI AND HANGKOW	SHANN	Jan. 27, at Noon.
SHANGHAI AND HANGKOW	SHANN	Jan. 29, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	SHANN	Jan. 29, at 4 p.m.
PAKHAI & HANGKOW	SHANN	Jan. 30, at 10 a.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	SHANN	Feb. 1, at 9 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & PUKOW	SHANN	Feb. 1, at Noon.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation, staterooms, electric light and fans in Saloon and staterooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (three weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

HANGKOW LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Telephone No. 24.



Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamer

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.

(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe.)

## For SEATTLE, TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

(Calling at Shanghai, Dairen and Japan Ports.)

"EDMORE" ..... About Jan. 24th.

"ELDRIDGE" ..... About Feb. 25th.

"WHEATLAND MONTANA" ..... About Mar. 15th.

"CITY OF FOKANE" ..... About Mar. 21st.

## For PORTLAND direct.

(Calling at Kobe and Yokohama.)

"ABERCO" (for Manila) ..... About Jan. 29th.

"ABERCO" ..... About Feb. 7th.

"PAWLET" ..... About Mar. 7th.

"COAKET" ..... About Apr. 4th.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common Points.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Telephones 2477 & 2478. Fifth Floor, Hotel Mansions.

SERVICE TO UNITED STATES  
For NEW YORK and/or BOSTON.  
Via Panama

S.S. "WAUKEGAN" ..... About Jan. 25th.

S.S. "SATSUMA" ..... About Feb. 15th.

For freight space and particulars apply to—

THE BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Telephones 2477 & 2478. AGENTS. 5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

3477 & 2478.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

5th Floor, HOTEL MANSIONS.

## SHIPPING

## C. P. O. S.

## SAILINGS

## HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki (Mojo) Kobe and Yokohama)

## STEAMERS

Empress of Japan ..... Jan. 28 ..... Feb. 18

Empress of Russia ..... Feb. 10 ..... Feb. 28

Empress of Japan ..... Mar. 23 ..... Apr. 12

Empress of Asia ..... Mar. 31 ..... Apr. 18

Monteagle ..... Apr. 7 ..... May 1

Empress of Russia ..... Apr. 28 ..... May 18

Empress of Japan ..... May 17 ..... June 7

Empress of Asia ..... May 26 ..... June 15

Monteagle ..... June 14 ..... July 8

Empress of Russia ..... June 23 ..... July 11

Empress of Japan ..... July 7 ..... July 28

Passengers to Europe are strongly urged to determine the exact date of the Atlantic sailing desired prior to departure from the Orient. Traffic conditions on the Atlantic are so regulated as to make it possible to arrange by cable or letter for all passengers to Europe, whether or not crossing the Pacific via C.P.O.S. steamers. Freight sailings to Europe via Liverpool, London and Glasgow. Passage orders issued here, will cover all such transshipments.

For Rates and other information please apply to HONGKONG OFFICE.

Telephone 271. Cable Address: CAGANPAC.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES

## CHINA MAIL S.S. Co., Ltd.

## FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. "NANKING" ..... 15,000 Tons ..... S.S. "NILE" ..... 11,000 Tons ..... S.S. "CHINA" ..... 10,500 Tons

## SAILING FROM

## HONGKONG for SAN FRANCISCO

via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu

S.S. "NILE" ..... S.S. "CHINA" ..... S.S. "NANKING"

Jan. 27th ..... Feb. 25th ..... Mar. 20th

## SAILING FROM

## HONGKONG for MANILA

S.S. "NANKING" ..... March 18th

## SAILING FROM

## HONGKONG for SINGAPORE

S.S. "CHINA" ..... Feb. 7th ..... S.S. "NILE" ..... April 3rd

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

C. T. SURRIDGE, Acting, Freight & Passenger Agent,

PRINCE'S BUILDING, ICE HOUSE STREET,

TELEPHONE, PASSENGER DEPT. TEL. FREIGHT DEPT. & AGENT.

No. 1934. No. 2161.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

## HONGKONG &amp; SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good Accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in Saloons and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

## SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOCHOW

(Calling at Amoy for Passengers only.)

## AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days.)

SWATOW ..... CAPTAIN ..... LEAVING.

HAICHONG ..... Capt. A. H. Stewart ..... WEDNESDAY, 26th Jan., at Noon.

HAICHONG ..... Capt. W. C. Patterson ..... SUNDAY, 30th Jan., at Noon.

HAICHONG ..... Capt. J. S. Thomson ..... TUESDAY, 1st Feb., at Noon.

## SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blakes Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.

General Managers.



## SHIPPING

# P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND).

## MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES

AFRICA, JAMAICA, BURMA, CHINA, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND  
S.A., EGYPT, EUROPE, &c.

## PENINSULAR &amp; ORIENTAL SAILINGS (South)

S.S.	Tons	From	Destination
"DELTA"	8,000	15th Feb.	Malacca, London & A. West.
"DUNERA"	8,000	15th Feb.	Malacca, London & A. West.
"LAE RE" (Cargo)	8,000	15th Feb.	Malacca, London & A. West.
"KASHGAR"	8,000	15th Feb.	Malacca, London & A. West.
"DILWARA"	8,000	15th Feb.	Malacca, London & A. West.
"ALPORE"	8,000	15th Feb.	Malacca, London & A. West.

## BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

"TAKADA"	7,000	15th Feb.	Straits, Rangoon and Calcutta.
----------	-------	-----------	--------------------------------

## EASTERN &amp; AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"RANOWNA"	7,000	15th Feb.	Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, and Melbourne.
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	15th Feb.	Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, and Melbourne.

## SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI &amp; JAPAN

"JAPAN"	6,000	15th Jan.	Shanghai and Japan.
"LAHORE"	6,000	15th Jan.	Shanghai and Japan.
"RANOWNA"	7,000	15th Jan.	Shanghai and Japan.
"DUNERA"	8,000	15th Jan.	Shanghai and Japan.

## WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Interchangeable.  
1st Saloon Passengers may travel by B.I.S.N. Company's steamers between Hong Kong and Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.  
For Further Information, Passage Fare, Freight, and other, apply to  
**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,**  
12, Des Vaux Road Central HONGKONG.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.  
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.  
For Further Information, Passage Fare, Freight, and other, apply to  
**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,**  
12, Des Vaux Road Central HONGKONG.

## E. HING &amp; CO.

LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS,  
viz. Steel Ship Plates, Angles and Bars.  
Also Shipchandlery Articles.  
Telephone No. 1118. 25, Wing Woo Street, Central.

## N. Y. K. NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SEATTLE &amp; VICTORIA via Manila, Shanghai &amp; Japan ports.

Cable to be received in connection with Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Chinese, Milwaukee &amp; St. Paul Railways.

KASHIWA MARU (Omit. Manila) ... Wednesday, 26th Jan., at 11 a.m.

TAMBA MARU (Omit. Manila) ... Saturday, 29th Jan., at 11 a.m.

SUWA MARU (Omit. Manila) ... Saturday, 29th Jan., at 11 a.m.

FUEFUKI MARU (Omit. Manila) ... Saturday, 29th Jan., at 11 a.m.

TOYAMA MARU (Omit. Manila) ... Saturday, 29th Jan., at 11 a.m.

LONDON &amp; ANTIWERP via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said &amp; Marseilles.

KAGA MARU ... Friday, 11th Feb., at 11 a.m.

YOKOHAMA MARU ... Friday, 11th Feb., at 11 a.m.

KLEIST MARU ... Friday, 11th Feb., at 11 a.m.

MISHIMA MARU ... Friday, 11th Feb., at 11 a.m.

HAMBURG, AMSTERDAM, LONDON &amp; ROTTERDAM.

LIVERPOOL &amp; MARSEILLES via Suez.

TAMBA MARU ... Beginning of March.

SYDNEY &amp; MELBOURNE via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Island, Townsville &amp; Brisbane.

AKI MARU ... Tuesday, 15th Feb., at 11 a.m.

TANGO MARU ... Tuesday, 15th Feb., at 11 a.m.

NIPPON MARU ... Tuesday, 15th Feb., at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK via Suez.

TOYOSHIMA MARU ... End of February.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape.

KASHIWA MARU (Sailing from Singapore) ... Tuesday, 1st March.

BOMBAY &amp; COLOMBO via Singapore.

KASHIWA MARU ... Thursday, 27th January.

CALCUTTA &amp; BANGALORE via Singapore &amp; Penang.

SANGHAI MARU ... Thursday, 27th January.

JAPAN PORTS - Nagasaki, Kobe &amp; Yokohama.

TAMBA MARU ... Tuesday, 15th Feb., at 11 a.m.

BRANCHES KORE &amp; YOKOHAMA.

KASHIWA MARU ... 21st January.

MISHIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 2nd Feb., at 11 a.m.

SANGHAI MARU ... Sunday, 20th Feb., at 11 a.m.

For further information apply to  
**NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA**  
S. YABUDA, Manager.  
Telephone Nos. 292 & 293.EASTERN EXTENSION  
TELEGRAPH CO.

FAR EASTERN SERVICE.

IMPROVEMENT CONTEMPLATED.

The eighty-sixth ordinary general meeting was held on December 14, at Electra House, Finsbury Pavement, London, Sir J. Denison-Pender, G.B.E., K.C.M.G. (the Chairman), presiding.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, said the delay in holding the meeting did not prevent the payment at the usual time of the final dividend for 1919, the total distribution being 10 per cent. free of income tax, against 3 per cent. for 1918. The accounts were highly satisfactory. The gross receipts were roundly £2,446,000, against £2,070,000, an increase of £376,000, notwithstanding the fact that in 1918 the revenue was £2,562,000 more than in 1917. For the current year the traffic was being well maintained. There had been a considerable addition to the working and other expenses, which amounted to £961,000, against £620,000 in 1918, but the reduction of Excess Profits Duty from 80 per cent. in 1918 to 40 per cent. in 1919 reduced the expenditure by £455,000. The principal items of increased expenditure are: Additional payments to staff and other expenses in connection with the war, £109,000; additional expenses attending the maintenance of cables, £33,000; and war taxation in Netherlands India, amounting to £115,000, which added together, represent £257,000.

The war taxation in Netherlands India was unexpectedly imposed towards the end of 1917, and made retrospective from 1914. The payment covers six years' war tax from 1914 to 1919 inclusive. It has been agreed with the Indian Revenue Authorities here that the company shall receive relief for Excess Profits Duty in England, at the rates applicable to the years in which the liability occurred, and, applying this principle to the Netherlands Indian war taxation, the company is relieved to the extent of £70,000 in addition to which there will be a further relief of 6s. in the £ for income tax, amounting to £13,000, making the net payment for the Netherlands Indian war tax only £31,000. The balance we now hope to deal with is £1,041,000, plus the balance of £41,000 brought forward from 1918, making together £1,082,000. Out of this we have distributed £300,000 in payment of the 10 per cent. dividend, and now propose to transfer to the general reserve fund £350,000, also to make a further provision of £200,000 on account of investment fluctuations, and carry forward £232,000. Your directors consider it advisable to retain this large sum owing to the uncertainty prevailing regarding taxation liability, and to the large expenditure required in the near future for developing and improving the company's service in the Far East. The additional cable which we have arranged to lay between Madras, and Singapore, of large carrying capacity, is now in course of manufacture, and is expected to be laid and opened for traffic early next year. The existing two cables between Madras and Penang are, at times, taxed to their utmost capacity. You will remember that the Great Northern Telegraph Company's through route to the Far East materially assisted in carrying the China and Japan traffic up to 1914, when it became interrupted and is not yet restored. Consequently, our cables are still carrying this traffic in addition to the large increases in other directions. When the Great Northern route is again working we shall be relieved of some of the traffic, but in any case, the new cable will benefit the telegraphing public, and therefore, we have no hesitation in incurring the expenditure for the additional cable between Madras and Singapore. Although the issue of the new share capital was outside the accounts for 1919, the directors considered it advisable to inform the shareholders that all the new shares had been allotted, with the exception of 2,165 representing the fractional shares. These would be disposed of, for the benefit of the shareholders entitled to the same.

The resolution was unanimously adopted, and the dividend of 10 per cent., tax free, paid for year ended December 31, 1919, approved. The retiring directors, Mr. J. C. Denison-Pender, M.P., and Sir A. Leppock Cappel, K.C.I.E., were re-elected, and the auditors re-appointed. A cordial vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, general manager, and staff terminated the proceedings.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship, "TAMBA MARU,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before 19th January.

Goods not cleared by the 29th January, 1921, will be subject to rent.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and FRIDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, January 24, 1921.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM EUROPE AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship, "TAMBA MARU,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before 19th January.

Goods not cleared by the 29th January, 1921, will be subject to rent.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and FRIDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, January 24, 1921.

SPORT.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

2nd DIVISION RESULTS.

Below is the table of results giving the positions of the Clubs in the Second Division of the Hongkong Football League up to and including January 22, 1921.

GOALS.

Clubs. P. W. D. L. F. A. P.

St. Joseph's...11 10 0 1 35 6 20

R.G.A. Res...11 9 1 1 40 10 19

Oilers United...12 5 3 4 25 16 13

United F.C...11 6 1 4 21 20 13

South China...12 5 2 5 23 18 12

"Carlsberg"...7 5 0 2 17 6 10

Kowloon F.C...11 3 4 4 16 17 10

Staff &amp; Depts...10 4 1 5 19 18 9

Club Res...12 4 0 8 14 21 8

Indian R.C...12 4 0 8 14 20 8

Punjabis...12 3 0 9 13 59 6

Club de Rec...11 2 8 11 26 4

BILLIARDS.

HO KONG TONG CUPS.

Last night's play at the Palace Hotel, Kowloon, in connection with the tournament for the above cups resulted in T. Reeves (-150) defeating Simon Tse Yan (-125) by 29-24; and R. A. Tyrrell (-100) beating F. C. Coleman (-100) by 25-13.

The best breaks were: Reeves, 22, 18 and 17 (twice).

Tse Yan, 40, 29, 24 and 16.

Coleman, 17 and 15.

TOM-NIGHT'S GAME.

To-night the following matches will be played:-

6 p.m. J. Griffin (-50) v. Sergt. Allen (-100).

9 p.m. E. F. Medina (-150) v. J. H. Tait (-150).

Head Office - TOKYO.

Branches and Representatives:-

Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Kyoto, Tokyo, Hankow, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Manila, Singapore, Batavia, London, Paris, New York and Seattle.

Cable Address - YAWASA, JAPAN.

Codes - A.I. A. B. C. 5th Ed.

Western Union and Bentley.

Agencies for: The Mitsubishi Marine &amp; Fire Insurance Co.

The Osaka Marine &amp; Fire Insurance Co.

Particulars, apply to S. KOMURA, Manager, No. 14, FRANKLIN STREET, HONGKONG.

SHIPS' STORES

Hardware, Metals, Paints and Oils.

Full Lines of Shipchandlery Supplies.

KWONG SANG &amp; CO.

Established 1878.

67, 69 &amp; 71 Cornhill Road Central.

Tel. Nos. 2554 &amp; 2555.

Godowns 795.

A KWAI &amp; CO.

12 &amp; 14 Cornhill Road Central, HONGKONG.

"NAVY CONTRACTORS"

Ship-Chandlery, Coal Merchants, Sail-Makers, General Storekeepers.

Soap and Soda Manufacturers.

Cable Add. "AIKAI". Tel. No. 128.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"MASANIRILLO"

From GENOA, NAPLES, BOMBAY, RANGOON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 19th January.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 4th prox. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 25th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"RIJUN MARU,"

From JAPAN.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 20th January.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th prox. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"RIJUN MARU,"

From JAPAN.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 20th January.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th prox. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"RIJUN MARU,"

From JAPAN.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 20th January.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th prox. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"RIJUN MARU,"

From JAPAN.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 20th January.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th prox. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"RIJUN MARU,"

From JAPAN.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 20th January.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th prox. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 25th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, January 20, 1921.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"RIJUN MARU,"

From JAPAN.



FOR 3 DAYS ONLY. Jan. 26th, 27th &amp; 28th.

# MACKINTOSH'S STOCKTAKING SALE

MANY ARTICLES ARE MARKED BELOW  
PRICES RULING IN LONDON TO-DAY.

A Few Specimen bargains:

FLANNEL PYJAMAS  
From \$4.50 per suitFLANNEL SHIRTS  
with collars to match  
\$5.00 eachCASHMERE SOCKS  
From \$3.00 per pairCOLOURED SHIRTS  
From \$2.50 eachBLACK & TAN SHOES  
\$10.00 per pairWOOLLEN MUFFLERS  
all colors  
From \$2.00 each

SHOP EARLY—THE BEST BARGAINS ARE FIRST TO GO.

## MACKINTOSH

&amp; CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

16, Des Vaux Road.

Telephone 29.

### JAPAN'S FOREIGN POLICY.

#### THE DIET IN SESSION.

ADDRESS BY THE PREMIER.

By courtesy of the Japanese Consul-General we are enabled to give the text of an address to the Diet delivered at the end of last week by the Premier, Mr. K. Hara:—

"It need hardly be said that consequent upon the Peace Conference of 1919, the responsibilities of our country have greatly increased as regards its contribution to the peace of the world.

"Accordingly united efforts of the whole nation are more than ever required for the growth of the national resources and enhancement of the national prestige. And inasmuch as it is an undeniable fact that the external development of the country depends upon the growth of the national strength, the Government is conducting affairs of State in accordance with this principle, so far as the circumstances and finances of the country permit. As to foreign relations of the country, I am happy to say that we are on good terms with all foreign countries. True that there are now, as at other times, some questions pending, such as the Californian and Chientao questions. In the case of the Californian question, however, the authorities concerned, both American and Japanese, are now engaged in a discussion thereof in the most friendly spirit, the government anticipating a satisfactory settlement.

"About Chientao, the question of the despatch of our troops to that district is only a temporary measure demanded by necessity and self-defence in the presence of disturbing conditions as evidenced in the acts of those outlaws who had burnt our Consulate at Hunchun and killed and wounded our countrymen there. As soon as order and security in that district are assured, for which the Chinese Government is primarily responsible, these troops will, of course, be withdrawn, as announced on the occasion of their despatch. In fact, with the exception of small detachments, these troops have already been withdrawn.

"Concerning other questions, the Government, actuated as they are by the most sincere desire to further improve the existing friendly relations with foreign countries, are prepared to treat them equally with right and justice."

A very lengthy address upon international conditions and the League of Nations was delivered by the Foreign Minister, Count Y. Uchida, which follows.

I desire first to dwell on questions relative to the enforcement of the several Treaties of Peace. The German, Austrian and Bulgarian Treaties have all been in force for some time now. Diplomatic representatives have recently been appointed to Germany and Austria. In resuming normal relations with these countries, we are making efforts in concert with the Allied Governments for the enforcement of the Peace Treaty. Among countries which have come into existence as a result of the great war, and to which we did not hitherto send any diplomatic agents we have decided to establish legations in Poland, the Greek Minister having recently been appointed to Poland. It being considered necessary also to have representatives in Czechoslovakia and Rumania, expenditures needed for that purpose have been inserted in the Budget now submitted to you."

On July 10th, 1920, when the German Treaty took effect, the League had a membership of forty-seven States, representing three-fourths of the world's population. Now that Austria and Bulgaria have been admitted into the League, even if we temporarily abandon the hope of Russia, which is still in a chaotic condition, coming in, it is sincerely to be hoped that Germany, if her willingness to fulfil international obligations, especially those entailed by the Peace Treaty, is generally recognised, may before long be given admittance likewise. In this connection the Japanese Government, in common with the Allied Governments, very keenly desire that for the peace of the world and the general welfare of humanity, the United States will see its way clear to join its efforts with other nations for the realization of the lofty aim of the League.

Although the efforts of the League for the past twelve months have mainly been devoted to the perfecting of its organization and strengthening of its foundation, it has also exerted itself for the enforcement of the Peace Treaty and for international finance, economics, labour, communications, sanitation, statistics, and like cultural works. The League is as yet at an initial stage in development, and, moreover, the international political situation has not quite regained permanent equilibrium since the war. It is to be expected, therefore, that the League should still leave something to be desired, both in organization and working, and that each one of the members states may be dissatisfied in one respect or another. It is indeed inevitable that an international undertaking of the magnitude of the League of Nations should fail to attain perfection in a single day, but all nations of the world should feel it jointly incumbent upon them to set to the future development and eventual perfecting of the League. The functions of the League are performed by a Council, an Assembly, Secretariat and various expert commissions. The Council met eleven times in the course of last year at Paris, London, Rome, San Sebastian, Brussels and Geneva. The Assembly was in session for a month from the fifteenth of November, last year, at Geneva, the seat of the League. What is worthy of special note is that at these sessions of Council and Assembly, representatives of the member States have invariably evinced a willingness to put forth their efforts for the cause of the League instead of confining their attention to the interests of the individual nations they represented. It is principally due to the spirit of concert and harmony manifested on these occasions that the League now has a fair promise of life and development.

In regard to the reduction of armaments provided for in the Peace Treaty, the Military Commission of the League, since its organization last May, has been making investigations into the practical phase of the question. As a matter of principle disarmament is to be welcomed for the general welfare of the human race, and the Japanese Government are paying special attention to the question. The matter, however, has very important and complex bearings for each nation, and it is to be apprehended that realization of this end may be found impossible unless all nations act in one accord and in good faith.

The project of an International Court of Justice was resolved upon both by the Council and Assembly, chiefly on the basis of the original draft adopted by the Conference of

International Jurists held last year at the Hague. The plan is now being submitted to the several Governments for approval, and the Court is expected to be established at no distant date. The passing of this resolution is the most important of the results achieved at the first session of the League Assembly. That international conflicts should be settled by peaceful means is, of course, highly desirable, and the decision to establish an International Court for that end is most welcome.

Questions of amending the League Covenant, of economic blockade as a principal means of punishment by the League, and of mandates to be exercised on behalf of the League, have each been assigned to expert commissions which have been appointed as auxiliary organs of the League Council. The field of activities of the League will thus gradually be enlarged with time.

Before passing on to another theme, I may be permitted to state that the aim of the League of world peace and the promoting of international co-operation, is quite consistent with the policy followed throughout by Japan, and that it is her intention, as one of the five great nations, invariably to make endeavours in hearty co-operation with other powers, for attainment of that lofty aim of the League.

The next question of the mandate calls for few words. Under the Peace Treaty, which is based on the principle of non-annexation, the former German possessions in Africa and the South Pacific, together with the territories in Asia, which belonged to the former Turkish Empire, have been placed under administration by mandate. So far as former German possessions are concerned, mandates and their assigned territories were decided upon at the Supreme Council of May, last year. On that occasion the whole group of former German islands lying north of the equator was assigned to the administration of Japan as a mandate.

When, at a later date, terms and formulae of the mandates came up for determination, difference of views arose between the Japanese and British Governments on the construction of the Treaty stipulation relating to the terms and formulae of the mandate over former German Colonies lying south of the equator. Agreement could not be reached for a long time. A frank exchange of views, however, between the Japanese and British representatives who attended the first session of the League Assembly happily resulted in a composition of difference. While agreeing to the terms of the mandate of "C" class as proposed by Great Britain, the Japanese Government came to a full understanding with the British Government that Japan should make a declaration to the effect that the acquired rights of Japan in the former German Colonies, south of the equator, should be fully respected, and that their acquiescence on the part of Japan in any discriminatory and unfavourable treatment of her nationals in the said islands. Accordingly when the terms of the "C" class mandate were decided upon on the 17th Dec. at a meeting of the League Council, the Japanese representative made a declaration on the lines of the above understanding and reserved for Japan the right to resume negotiations with the British Government concerning the treatment of Japanese subjects in the territories affected. Terms and formulae of mandates over former German possessions in the South Pacific having now been determined, the Japanese Government are about to enter upon formal control and administration in pursuance of the terms of mandate over the group of islands assigned. I am happy to be able to state that it is the determination of the Government to spare no efforts in the discharge of this noble mission of civilization in promoting the welfare and development of the people of these territories and thus fully to deserve the trust that the League members have placed in Japan.

As to revision and renewal of the Anglo-Japanese agreement of alliance, the Japanese Government has been giving careful consideration to the question with the view especially to its relation to the Covenant of the League of Nations. They entered into a conference with the British Government, and a frank exchange of views on this matter took place, both in London and Tokyo. In view of Article 6 of the existing agreement of the Alliance, it was decided to address to the League a joint notification to the effect that the Governments of Japan and Great Britain had been led to the conclusion that the Anglo-Japanese agreement of July, 1919, although in harmony with the spirit of the Covenant of the League of Nations, was not entirely consistent with the letter of that Covenant, and that they accordingly recognized the principle that, if it was said the agreement was to be continued after July, 1921, it must be in a form not inconsistent with the Covenant. Notification was conveyed in a note, dated July 8th, 1920. The principle to guide the Japanese Government in revising the agreement is at present the subject of serious study, regard being paid to the articles of the League Covenant as declared in the joint notification and to many important changes which have taken place in the aspects of affairs since

the conclusion of the present agreement. That this agreement of alliance has largely and distinctly contributed to the peace, stability and welfare of the entire Far East is fully realized by both nations, and not only is a continuance and preservation of the wholesome spirit of this Alliance for a long time to come desired by the most thoughtful of the two peoples, but it is, I am sure, in perfect harmony with the high ideals of the League of Nations.

Concerning the organization of the New Consortium, looking to financial aid to China, I had the privilege at the last session to state before you how a clear understanding was reached between the respective banking groups and Governments concerned, and how the new organization was fast taking shape. Last October representatives of various banking groups, met in conference at New York, signed the final agreement and discussed the policy of the Consortium and other details of practice, thus bringing to completion the organization of the Consortium. While the activities in the future are necessarily dependent upon negotiation and co-operation between the organization itself and the Chinese Government, it may not be out of place now that the Consortium has been completed, to make a remark on its mission. The object of the Consortium is purely economic; in other words what it aims at is to assist and facilitate the economic development of China and thereby to contribute to the happiness and interest of the Chinese people on one hand and to afford equal opportunity for the private enterprise of nations concerned on the other.

At a time when the Powers interested are thus joining their hands to promote the welfare of the Chinese people by avoiding needless competition among themselves, and by further strengthening their friendship and concert, it is a matter to be deeply deplored, especially by Japan who, as her neighbour is peculiarly interested, that the complete and peaceful unification of China is not yet in sight. Last summer when the political situation in China began to give signs of further complication, and later when things came to such a pass that the northern part of China became involved in armed conflicts, the Japanese Government, besides early warning their officials and nationals in China to refrain from any acts or activities that might be regarded as taking part in political strife, published a declaration on their policy of scrupulous impartiality and their attitude of strict fairness. The situation in China is now at a turning point, and the awakening of the people is indeed worthy of note. That the path of China is beset with difficulties should command the deep sympathy of the people and Government of Japan, while very eagerly hoped for by Japan which stands in such close relationship with her. Not only for China's sake alone but for the general welfare and peace of the world, it is devoutly to be desired that China should speedily recover peace and unity.

In reviewing the conditions of the Far East and especially of China, I deeply regret to have to refer to a calamitous event which occurred at Hunchun last October. On the details of the event and the circumstances which constrained the Japanese Government to despatch troops, both for self-defence and for the protection of Japanese residents, a public statement was made at the time. These Japanese troops have proven equal to the task expected of them, and the Chinese Government, on the other hand, actuated by a spirit of co-operation, have been transferring suitable contingents to Chientao for the purpose of clearing the locality of outlaws and guarding against future disturbances. The Japanese Government, therefore, in pursuance of their declaration, have decided to withdraw their troops. At the same time steps are now being taken with a view to a proper settlement of this unfortunate affair. It is also their intention to provide fully, in co-operation with the Chinese Government, for the tranquillity of the districts affected and for the protection of Japanese subjects. With Czechoslovak troops withdrawn from Trans Baikal, the Japanese Government, consistently with their repeated declarations, withdrew their troops from that region. In districts around Vladivostok, whence the menace to peace was still felt, and where the safety of many resident Japanese had to be provided for, and in Haborovsk, which is a point of strategic importance on the way to the Province of Saghalien, we had to keep sufficient forces until such time as tranquillity was restored in these regions. As soon as the situation around Haborovsk began to show a degree of stability, we withdrew our troops from that district in September last.

The political situation of Eastern Siberia underwent various vicissitudes during the course of last half year. There were in existence, since last spring, four local governments at Vladivostok and other centres. Time gradually became ripe during last fall for the amalgamation of these local political bodies, until in November last what is called the Amalgamation Assembly was held at Chita. This Assembly declared the independence of the Far Eastern

Republic. Chita was chosen for the seat of central government, and the various political bodies were relegated to the position of local autonomy. It was also decided that a Constitutional Assembly should be held on 25th January. As a result of this amalgamation the Provisional Government at Vladivostok turned its authority over to the Central Government about the middle of last December. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic claims to stand for anti-communistic democracy and has declared itself in favour of friendly relationship with foreign countries, especially with its near neighbours. What the new Government may do in practice is for the future to reveal.

The political stability of Russia in general is earnestly hoped for by Japan as her good neighbour. It is the keenest desire of the Japanese Government that this troubled area should be unified on a sound basis and be restored to complete order.

The historic good relationship between Japan and the United States needs no reiteration at this time of day. The relations between the two nations, however, have to-day greatly increased, both in closeness and importance from a political, economic, social and various other points of view. It is true that this friendly relationship is not without occasional mingling of unpleasantness; that is almost inevitable in the complexity of international relations. But I am firmly of opinion that fundamentally relations between Japan and America are as cordial as ever, and that there are no insurmountable obstacles, such as might disturb the basic factors which govern that relationship. Moreover, I am happy to notice that in recent years popular understanding between the two peoples has been greatly helped by close and frequent contact of influential men of both countries. I desire to express my appreciation of the valuable efforts of these people, which I hope will not be allowed to slacken in future.

I have to dwell here on an unfortunate event which has occurred in our relations with the United States. Last November at the general election of the United States, the State of California passed through the initiative Alien Land Law. The contents of the law are now generally known and may need no explanation here. In a word the new law is the cognate law of 1913 made more drastic and severe. That it is aimed at Japanese and is unjust and discriminatory, cannot be denied. The regret which the Japanese Government expressed at the legislation of 1913, is, therefore, still more keenly entertained by them at this new legislation. This question of land law, however, is not one of to-day or yesterday. It has a long history and complex and delicate bearings. It is impossible to solve the problem from the standpoint of one side alone. Principally for these reasons the difficulty arising between Japan and America from the legislation of 1913 has remained unsettled to this day. In dealing with the matter, therefore, the Japanese Government have from the outset exercised the closest care. Not only antecedent to the passage of the law did they take the proper and well advised steps, but recognising, from the higher standpoint of Japanese-American friendship and with ample regard to the close and important relations of interest between the two nations, the urgency of final solution of the difficulties caused by such unfortunate and unpleasant events, they caused their representative to open a discussion with the American authorities. Frank and free exchange of views has since been going on on the various points calling for examination and debate. Though it is regretted we are not yet in a position to publish the results of these discussions, it is the sincere desire of the Japanese Government that a solution compatible with the honour and interests of both countries may finally be arrived at.

### PASSENGERS.

#### ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "Glenade," on Saturday:—Messrs Edwards, Williams, Gabbot, Simmonds, Mrs. M. Charles and Mr. Amerman.

Per s.s. "Wile," yesterday:—Rev. J. S. Flack, Miss G. T. Tarswell, Mrs. L. B. Akin, Miss A. B. Reynolds, Miss A. E. Donald, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bouril, Mr. John Reeves, Mr. S. K. Wong, Mr. E. J. Libesand, Mrs. J. E. Libesand, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Smith, Mr. M. E. Hunt, Mr. Henry Pearce, Mr. T. C. Lee, Mr. Harry Schoenhaut, Mr. E. T. Gibb, Mr. F. McGrath, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hanson, and Mr. Maurice Adam.

#### DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "Plassy," yesterday from Hongkong to Port Said:—Mr. and Mrs. Hansen, Mr. Brewer, Miss Brewer, Mr. Barton; to London:—Mr. and Mrs. Carrall, Mr. Partridge, Mr. E. J. Oghorn, Lieut. Rowell, Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. Enloe, Rev. Backhouse, Mr. Goldberg, Lieut. P. Peter, Lieut. T. C. Aikin, Mrs. Monk and child, Mr. T. F. Hough, Mr. J. E. L. Bullock, Mr. L. J. Blackburn, Inspector Gordon, Mr. O. L. Lundquist, Mr. W. Henderson, Mr. B. S. Simonds, Inspector and Mrs. Grant, Miss Watkins, Miss Watkins, Miss Colington, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Bui, Mr. Horenzen, Rev. B. G. Parsons, Rev. and Mrs. Fillerton, Mr. Spettigue, Mr. and Mrs. Sennard, Mr. D. M. McKee, Mr. A. Smith; to Singapore:—Mr. Roger, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Kalka, Mr. Eriksen, Mr. McLaren, Mr. and Mrs. Ingram, Mr. M. A. Ingram, Mr. Brennan; to Marseilles:—Hon. Mr. and Mrs. W. Chisham, Mr. and Mrs. Prosser, and Mr. and Mrs. Jones.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

### CHEESE.

EDAM CHEESE ... 80 cents per lb.  
FRENCH CHEESE ... 80 " " "  
COULOMMIER CHEESE ... 30 " " pat  
PICNIC CHEESE ... 30 " " jar

DEVONSHIRE CREAM ... 80 cents per phial  
STERILIZED MILK ... 35 " " pint  
(suitable for carrying on voyages).

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE &amp; COLD STORAGE Co., Ltd.

## SECOND WEEK

# WHITEAWAY'S GREAT WINTER STOCKTAKING SALE

STARTLING REDUCTIONS

150 pair  
MEN'S BOOTS and SHOES in Black and Brown. Usual Prices \$16.50 to \$22.50 pair  
Special Sale Price \$7.50 pair

200 pair  
WHITE CANVAS BOOTS & SHOES  
Usual Prices \$7.50 to \$12.75 pair  
Special Sale Price \$3.50 pair

100 pair  
LADIES' SHOES in Black and Brown. Odd make and sizes.  
To be cleared at \$3.50 pair

50 pair  
LADIES' BOOTS in various styles.  
Must be cleared \$5.00 pair

## WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

HONGKONG.

## TRIALS SOLICITED BY JAMES STEER

THE CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKER  
(Contractor to H. M. NAVAL YARD.)  
8, LEE ROAD, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG.

### CANTON CUSTOMS.

#### THE PRESENT AGITATION.

#### "NOT AFRAID OF FOREIGN BOYCOTT."

Says yesterday's Canton Times:—The leading organizations in Canton will soon have a mass meeting to demonstrate in favour of the taking over of the Chinese Maritime Customs by the Military Government now having jurisdiction over several Constitutional Provinces.

It is understood that the Cantonese will back up the Military Government, if foreign governments and interests decide to support Peking and the South-western Customs Service in their refusal to comply with the Military Government demands.

When a prominent Cantonese was advised of the possibility of some foreign vessels declining to convey Cantonese goods from here, unopposed and unpassed by Customs authorities representing Peking, he said that such a measure would only hurt foreign and not native trade, as the present Chinese-foreign trade is in favour of the foreigners, as more goods are coming in than are going out.

Many Cantonese do not believe that foreign countries will boycott Canton simply because of her intention to replace Peking in the superintendence of the Chinese Maritime Customs. Canton is not afraid of a boycott, anyway, according to a leading agitator in favour of the Military Government action, who declares that Canton and other parts of the South-west may live without foreign products coming in.

This man cannot conceive that foreign countries will close the door of the South-west, or blockade Canton, in view of the fact that foreigners have fought for years in order to secure an open door in China.

Those who are supporting the Military Government in its action to take over the Customs Service on February 1, again pointed out to the Canton Times the statement recently issued by the Constitutional authorities.

The action of the Military Government is justified by its rights according to the statement. The Customs Service is, after all, but one of the government services of the country and its officials, the public services. Since the Military Government exercise absolute and exclusive control, *de facto* as well as *de jure*, over all affairs, administrative, financial and otherwise, in the Constitutional Provinces, it is an anomaly and an absurdity that the Chinese Maritime Customs Service should function in these provinces under the orders of an authority at Peking and collect from these provinces revenue which is diverted to uses elsewhere inimical to the interests of the country.

The Military Government, recognising the efficient organization of the Customs Service and the good work rendered to China, holds the policy that this change of control from the Peking authority to the Military Government will not in the least affect the present personnel acknowledging its authority nor the rules of the service. As the Customs revenue has been hypothecated at different times for the service of various foreign obligations, it is not intended that the interests of the creditors should be in any way jeopardised. The revenue from the South-western Provinces will bear a proportionate share of the burden which will form, as hitherto, a first charge.

The s.s. "Agamemnon" (Blue Funnel Line) from New York, left Shanghai on Jan. 24, for Hongkong and is due here on Jan. 27.







## NOTICES.

**Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.**

Import Shipping  
Export Engineering

HEAD OFFICE: SHANGHAI  
BRANCHES: HANKOW, TIENTSIN, PEKING, CHUNGKING,  
CHINKIANG, HONGKONG, CANTON, SHANGHAI,  
SHEA, NEWYANG, MUKDEN AND HARBIN.  
AGENCIES: LONDON AND NEW YORK.

**One sign the world knows**

Exclusive Features Which No Competitor Can Duplicate.

ARTICLE NUMBER 1.

The best and most important of our exclusive features is that we are an out and out lubricating oil company. We refine our crude oil for the sale of the lubricating oils which we manufacture and not for the sake of the brand. Our goal is the manufacture of high grade lubricants. Petroleum and all by-products are secondary. With other large oil companies the aim is to produce every single drop of benzine possible. What is the result? The molecules of crude oil are cracked and cracked until the last drop of benzine is given off, what is left is CALLED oil—just oil. It is ready to use and the lubricating stocks which are left after the cracking process are not of the highest quality.

(See tomorrow's Article Number 2—The Vacuum Process and compare with the above)

**VACUUM OIL COMPANY, HONGKONG.**

The muscles that play underneath the skin of an athlete are the human braces built by nature. They hold the figure with bands that give ease and grace to movement.

The President Suspender Company studied the natural anatomy of the figure in shaping Shirley President Braces.

Look for the name—Shirley President—on the buckles—This is your guarantee.

For Sale by  
Good Dealers Everywhere.

**PRESIDENT SUSPENDER COMPANY.**  
Shirley, Mass., U.S.A. Established in 1870.  
Cable Address PRESIDENT  
Western Union, A.B.C.—Fifth Edition and Bentley's Code.

**BOLD PIRATES.**  
**HONGKONG LAUNCH ROBBED.**  
\$10,000 Haul.

How a gang of twenty armed robbers boarded a trading launch in Hongkong as passengers, and when the vessel was on high seas held up the crew and passengers while they stole property and money valued at \$10,000, was told by Tang Kau, the master of the steam launch "Kung-hong," which arrived in harbour yesterday on the return trip from Shanni, in Chinese waters.

Tang said that he left Hongkong at 6.20 a.m., on January 22, with 120 passengers and 30 tons of general cargo bound for Shanni. About 2.30 p.m., as the vessel was passing the isolated Tangkai rocks in Chinese waters, twenty of the passengers suddenly produced revolvers and held up the others on board. While a few stood guard, the others ransacked the launch, breaking open all the passengers' luggage and stealing money and jewellery to the value of \$10,000. From Tang's cabin they took two revolvers and a Winchester rifle, and about \$1,000 in Chinese 20-cent pieces. Taking charge of the launch, the robbers headed her towards Fan-wukong where they jailed two fishing

**LOCAL AND GENERAL.**

Seven members of the crew of a cinder boat found guilty of having had unlawful possession of 2 tons and 4 cwt. of coal, were each sentenced by Magistrate Orme this morning to 21 days' hard labour apiece.

An important new Opium Law for the Kingdom of Siam, designed to bring the legislation dealing with the drug within the provisions of the Hague Conference and Treaty of Versailles occupies over twenty pages of the Siamese Official Gazette.

For the unlawful possession of 20 taels of prepared non-Government opium in a house in Chin town, a Chinese charged before Magistrate Orme this morning at the instance of Sub-Inspector Patterson, was fined \$1,200, on default, 12 weeks' hard labour. The drug was confiscated.

junks, and went ashore. Tang took the launch into Shanni where he reported to the Chinese authorities there. A report was also made to the local authorities and a police launch has gone out to investigate. There is no information as to what steps the Chinese authorities took.

## THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

**REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES.**

**LONDON SERVICE**  
(Direct)  
"IXION" 6th Feb. Amsterdam, London, & Antwerp  
"MENTOR" 22nd Feb. London, Amsterdam & Hamburg  
"TERESIAS" 1st Mar. Amsterdam, London, & Antwerp  
"HELENUS" 8th Mar. London, Amsterdam & Hamburg  
"STENTOR" 11th Mar. London, Amsterdam, & Antwerp

**LIVERPOOL SERVICE**  
(Direct or via Continental Ports)  
"ANCHISES" 5th Feb. Liverpool & Glasgow  
"KNIGHT TEMPLAR" 8th Feb. Genoa, Havre & Liverpool  
"LYCAON" 16th Feb. Marseilles & Liverpool  
"TITAN" 1st Mar. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

**PACIFIC SERVICE**  
(via Kobe and Yokohama)  
"PROTESILAUS" 1st Feb. Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma and Vancouver  
"TEUCER" 17th Feb.  
"TALTRYBIUS" 10th Mar.

**NEW YORK SERVICE**  
(via Suez or Panama)  
"AGAMEMNON" via Suez 28th January

**HOMEWARD PASSENGER SERVICE**  
"ANCHISES" 5th Feb. for Liverpool  
"MENTOR" 22nd Feb. for London  
"TERESIAS" 1st Mar. for London  
"STENTOR" 11th March for London  
"IDOMENEUS" 12th April for Liverpool  
"PYRRHUS" 1st May for London  
"ANCHISES" 21st June for Liverpool  
"MENTOR" 5th July for Liverpool  
"TERESIAS" 19th July for Liverpool

For Freight and all Information Apply to  
**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.**

## POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Telegraphic Communication with Cap Rock Light-house is interrupted.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

**INWARD MAILS.**

FROM	PER
Shanghai	Ningpo
Japan	Savachi Maru
Straits	Japan
FRIDAY, JANUARY 28.	
EUROPE via Suez (Letters only London 23rd Dec.)	Glenamoy
SUNDAY, JANUARY 30.	
Straits and Calcutta	Bombay Maru

**OUTWARD MAILS.**

FOR	PER	TIME
Fort Bayard	Poole	5 p.m.
Philippine Islands	Teucer	5 p.m.
Philippine Islands, Straits, Bangkok	Bellerophon	5 p.m.
Egypt & EUROPE via SUEZ		
THURSDAY, JANUARY 27.		
Hoihow and Haiphong	Takshang	9 a.m.
"Shanghai," North China, Japan, Canada, United States, Central and South America & EUROPE via VICTORIA, B.C. Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters 9.30 a.m.	Kashima Maru	
"Shanghai," North China, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, United States, Central and South America & EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO. Registration 9.15 a.m. Letters 10.00 a.m.	Venezuela	
Shanghai, North China, Japan, Canada, United States, Central and South America & EUROPE via VANCOUVER, B.C. Registration 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.	Empress of Japan	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haitan	11 a.m.
Straits and Bangkok	Shansi	2 p.m.
Philippine Islands	Achilles	3 p.m.
Shanghai and North China	Fochoo	5 p.m.
"Shanghai and North China	Hopang	5 p.m.
"Swatow," "Shanghai," and "North China		
THURSDAY, JANUARY 27.		
Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow	Soshy Maru	9 a.m.
"Shanghai and North China	Dr. Pierre Benoit	10 a.m.
Shanghai, North China, Japan, Canada, United States, Central and South America & EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO. Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m.	Nile	
Batavia	Triton	1 p.m.
Shanghai and North China	Sunming	2 p.m.
Fort Bayard, Hoihow and Haiphong	Hanoi	5 p.m.
FRIDAY, JANUARY 28.		
Philippine Islands	Yuen-sang	2 p.m.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 29.		
Philippine Islands, "Shanghai," North China, Japan, Canada, United States, Central and South America, & EUROPE via VANCOUVER, B.C. Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters 9.30 a.m.	Tajima Maru	
Shanghai and North China	Tingchow	2 p.m.
Swatow and Bangkok	Hanyang	3 p.m.
Shanghai and North China	Kingling	5 a.m.
SUNDAY, JANUARY 30.		
"Swatow," Amoy and Foochow	Amakusa Maru	9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haihong	9 a.m.
Pakhoi and Haiphong	Kailong	9 a.m.
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1.		
"Swatow and Bangkok	Cheong	8 a.m.
Shanghai and North China	Duners	11 a.m.
Amoy, "Shanghai and North China	Sedunas	11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hailong	11 a.m.
Straits, Bangkok, Calcutta and ADEN	Namang	1 p.m.
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4.		
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, L. Marques, South Africa, India via Durban, Egypt & EUROPE via MABERLEIGH. Registration 5 p.m. Saturday, Feb. 6, Letters 6.30 a.m.	Della	
The Parcel Mail will be closed on Friday, 4th Feb., at Noon.		
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15.		
Japan, Honolulu, and SAN FRANCISCO	Bayo Maru	11 a.m.

\*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only\*

## THE DENNISTON PLAYERS.

## SUCCESSFUL FIRST NIGHT.

## "SHE WALKED IN HER SLEEP."

The Denniston players opened their season at the Theatre Royal last night, presenting to a good house, the farce "She walked in her sleep," in a most successful manner. The piece is a farce of the first order with a laugh every second. "The main characters are a husband with a wife who still trusts him, another husband whose wife knows him, a sympathetic mother-in-law, a doctor, a servant and a somnambulist. The husbands and the doctor are early on the scene having met at a hotel, the first was to deal with some business and the other to practise his art on a sleep walker. The two partners receive a tube of explosive for analysis but as one of them is studying a contract the tube is purloined by a scantily dressed lady who comes in by the window. It is the sleep walker, but Bruce hasn't seen her. Discovering the loss of the tube he seeks the help of Mamie, offering a reward of \$500 if she finds it. She asks what it is but he can't tell her. In fright he disappears. The next to encounter the sleep walker, who has a distressing habit of clinging to perfect strangers is Charles Prescott. She walks into the room and embraces him and all his efforts to get rid of her are unavailing. Mother-in-law comes in and finds her, but she doesn't make a fuss and assists her distressed son. Then, while the stranger is still in the bedroom Prescott's wife comes in. She insists on entering the room but the visitor has conveniently departed, leaving behind, however, her hat. This Mrs. Prescott finds, but her suspicious questions are answered by her husband telling her that it is a birthday present for her. So the husbands' look for the tube, while their wives search for the owner of the hat. Needless to say there are heaps of entanglements to be straightened out for instance the doctor endeavours to instil in the mind of the servant the rudiments of sleep-walking, but his efforts are hardly a success, especially as the real one is awakened and handed to her with a string on her ankle.

Miss Florence Chapman as the servant was a great success and but improved the reputation she made at the Company's last visit for clever acting. She received able support from Mr. W. Vaughan Morgan and Mr. W. D. Howard, the latter as the doctor. Miss Warda Howard had the part of the trusting wife and with Miss Pressy Preston as her companion in sorrow, contributed largely to the success and the piece. Mr. Leo Kennedy was well suited in his part as Charles Prescott as was Miss Valentine Sidney as Katherine Prescott.

Tonight the Company play "The Eyes of Youth."

## MIROVA AND PODOLSKY.

## MATINEE TO-MORROW.

## THE PROGRAMME.

The cordial reception given to Miss Vera Mirova, the classic dancer, and Mr. Leo Podolsky, at their appearance at the Theatre Royal some evenings ago, adds interest to the return performance they will give to-morrow afternoon at 5.30 at St. Andrew's Hall. Few entertainments given in Hongkong have made such an impression as the first appearance of these distinguished artists, and consequently there promises to be a very large attendance at to-morrow's matinee. The programme to be given is as follows:

- 1.—Bach-Liszt—Lamentations and Crucifix—Leo Podolsky.
- 2.—Menuet—Paderewsky—Vera Mirova.

(INTERVAL 3 MINUTES.)

- 3.—Anitra's Dance—Grieg—Vera Mirova.
- 4.—Chopin—Nocturne & Polonaise—Leo Podolsky.
- 5.—Valse (by request)—Chopin—Vera Mirova.

INTERVAL

- 6.—Humoresque—Dvorak—Vera Mirova.

A dragon-fly is gaily fluttering among flowers growing on the edge of a pond. In the water she suddenly sees reflected the lowering clouds of an approaching storm and trembles with fear. When rain falls she seeks shelter and as the clouds roll away and the sun re-appears her happy mood returns.

- 7.—(a) K. Symmas—Prelude d'moll owsky—Vera Mirova.  
(b) N. Medtner—The lyric page  
(c) Cl. Debussy La fille aux cheveux d'or—Leo Podolsky.  
(d) Strauss—Paraphrase on Schott—The Bat—Leo Podolsky.
- 8.—Mazurka—Godard—Vera Mirova.

A young bride recognises her lover among the crowd of admiring village spectators. She invites him to join her in the dance and teasingly hares. Afterwards he relents and wishes to join when she in turn refuses to dance with him.

## ENTERTAINMENTS.

**THE CORONET**

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

at 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

SYLVIA BREMER

— IN —

"RESPECTABLE BY PROXY."

"SNUB COMEDY": "PATHE GAZETTE."

**HONGKONG THEATRE.**

TO-NIGHT, at 5.15 & 9.15 p.m.

NORMA TALMADGE

the World's Famous Star

"THE SECRET OF THE STORM COUNTRY"

IN 5 REELS.

"LOUISIANA" Trio and Quartette,

in their latest Comic Songs.

**THEATRE ROYAL**

TO-NIGHT

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

THE POPULAR DENNISTON PLAYERS.

The Greatest Play of the Century.

"EYES OF YOUTH"

"Eyes of Youth" has been hailed with unfeigned delight by Press and Public alike wherever produced. It is an astonishingly interesting and very unusual play.

To-morrow	The Lunch play without a Peer
WED.	"NIGHTIE NIGHT"
THURS.	For the first time in Hongkong
JAN. 27.	"THE LION AND THE MOUSE"
FRI.	The Farce that made the Denniston's famous
JAN. 28.	"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"
SAT.	The Mirth-making—more than laugh
JAN. 29.	"PLEASE GET MARRIED"
MON.	The play that was "re-run" to make people laugh
JAN. 31.	"THE GIRL FROM RECTOR'S"

PRICES—\$1, \$2 and \$1.

Performance, 9.15 p.m. SHARE. BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S.

The Peak Tramway Co. will run special cars 15 minutes after the performance each night.

## ARMED ROBBERY TRIALS. BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**CUTTLEFISH LAMB CASE.**

**FIVE CONSPIRATORS JAILED.**

Before Magistrate Orme yesterday afternoon five Chinese were charged with having committed an armed robbery in a house in Cuttlefish Lane, West Point. According to the police, the accused were arrested in two empty houses in the vicinity of the robbery. One man attempted to use a revolver but was disarmed by a Chinese detective. The prisoner then escaped to an adjoining house by the verandah. He was followed by the detective and arrested hiding under a bed. The major portion of the stolen property was discovered in the prisoners' possession. One man was actually wearing three of the silk coats he had stolen while others had stolen jewellery hidden in the toe ends of their shoes.

The Magistrate committed the accused to stand their trial at the Criminal Sessions.

In the second case, the five Chinese arrested by the police in a tea-shop in West Point, where they had met to discuss plans for an armed robbery, were charged with the unlawful possession of daggers, 335, and materials for making 335. The Magistrate convicted all the accused and sentenced the first two to 12 months' hard labour, one to 6 months, one to 3 months, and the other to six weeks.

Seven members of the crew of an unlicensed fishing junk charged with the unlawful possession of 1,675.5 taels of prepared non-Government opium and 60 taels of raw opium, were this morning remanded by Magistrate Orme until Friday on the application of Mr. J. M. Hall, who appeared for the defence.

The expression, "the present Chief Justice," in an editorial note in yesterday's China Mail, did not refer to the present acting C.J., but was meant for Sir William Rees Davies. Finding that one reader was misled by it, we make this note in case there were others.

Printed and Published for the Proprietor by the Editor, CHONG WING KAI, at No. 5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

**BUSINESS DIRECTORY.**

**ARRATON V. APCAR & CO.**  
Agents for  
Banco Nacional Ultramarino, Madrid.  
Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.  
International Petroleum Co., Ltd.  
Tel. No. 332.

**BRUNNER MOND & CO., LTD.**  
Alkali Manufacturers.  
Tel. 1630. 7, Queen's Rd. Central.

**CHINA AGENCY & TRADING CO., 81 HONGKONG.**  
Iron, Steel & Piece Goods.  
Tel. 2143. 10, Queen's Rd. Central.

**CHINA OVERSEAS TRADING CO. (1919), LTD.**  
Importers and Exporters.  
Tel. 1104. 16, Queen's Rd. Central.

**CHU KYOKU TRADING CO.**  
Importers and Exporters.  
Tel. 2108 and 2908.

**EDWARD MOW FUNG.**  
Import & Export Merchant.  
Tel. 1676. 60, Des Vaux Rd. Ck.

**THE KWONG KWUL.**  
Photographic Suppliers.  
Tel. 2170. 60, Queen's Rd. Central.

**LAZARUS, N.**  
Opticians.  
Tel. 2203. 23, Queen's Rd. Central.

**LOCK HING.**  
Curio Dealers.  
33, Queen's Rd. Central.

**MUMBY & SANO.**  
Japanese Photographers.  
Tel. 254. 81, Queen's Rd. Central.

**CROUP.**

EVERY young child is susceptible to croup. Don't wait until this dreadful disease attacks your little one before you prepare for it. It comes in the night when chemists' shops are usually closed, and this alone should be a warning. Get and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at hand. It never fails, acts quickly and is absolutely harmless. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.